



UNIVERSITY OF  
**ILLINOIS**  
URBANA-CHAMPAIGN



# StreamTensor: Make Tensors Stream in Dataflow Accelerators for LLMs

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# Outline



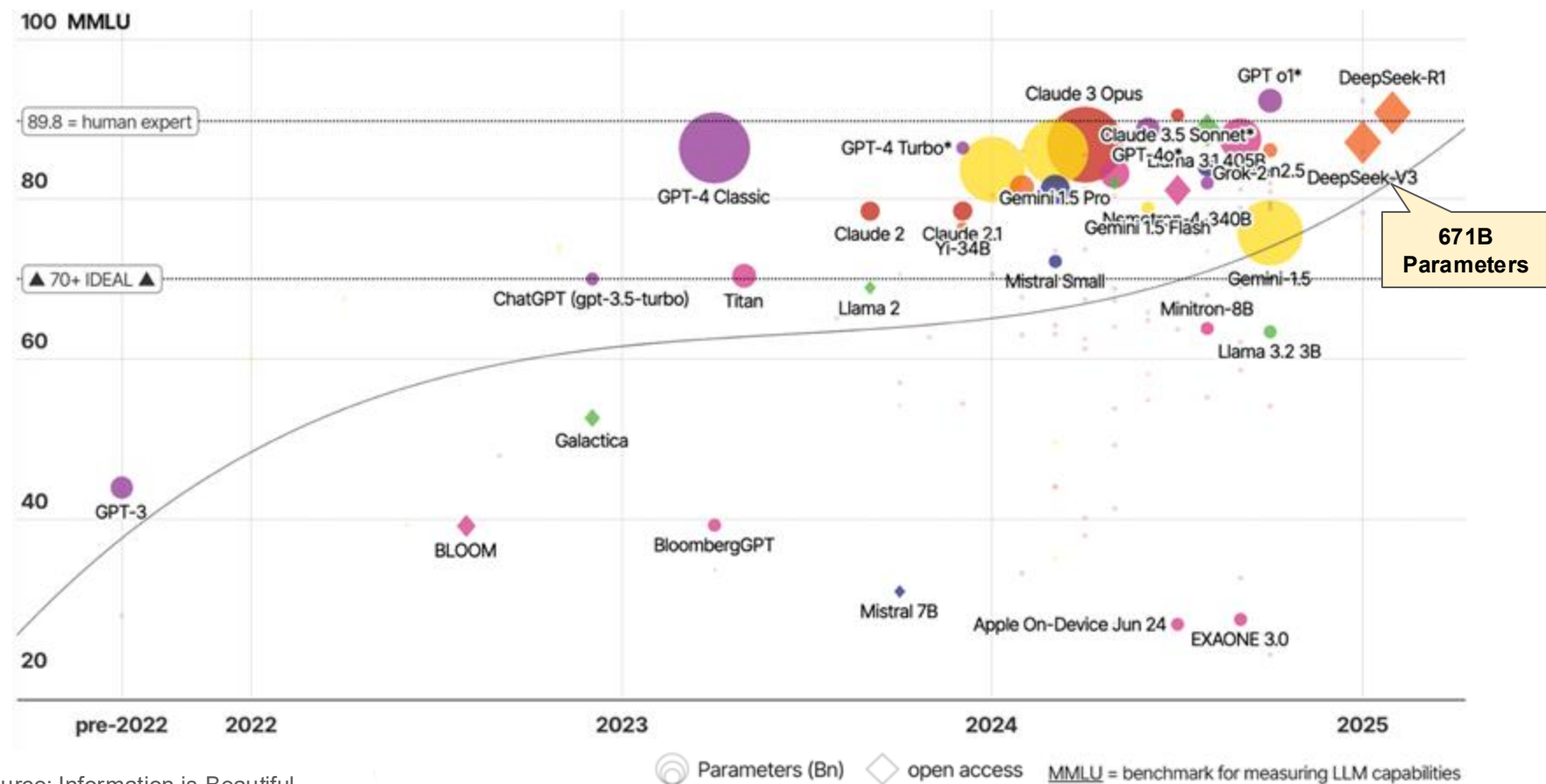
- Motivation
- StreamTensor Typing System
- StreamTensor Compilation Pipeline
- StreamTensor Design Spaces
- StreamTensor Results

# StreamTensor Outline

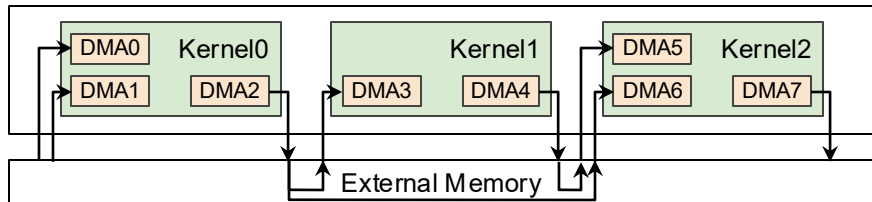


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# Parameter Size of LLMs Grows Fast

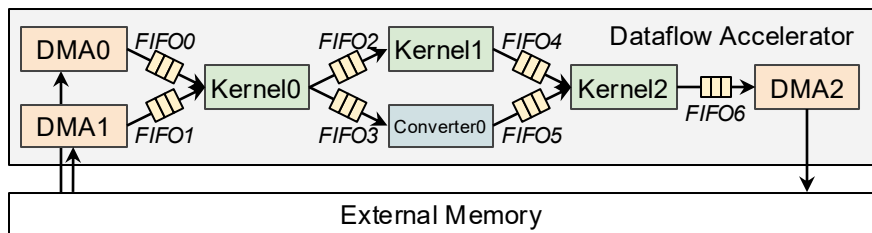


# Motivation – Fight with the Memory Wall



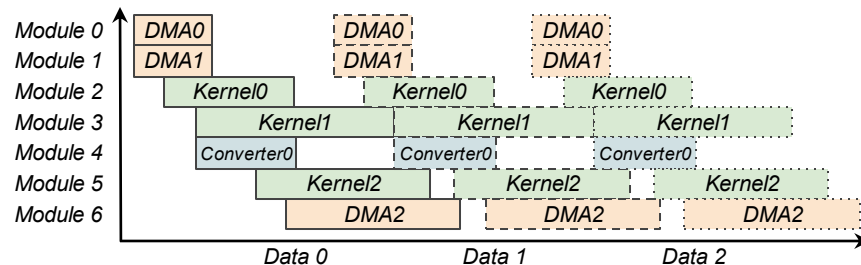
(a) A buffer-based dataflow accelerator

## ↓ Stream-based Kernel Fusion



(b) A stream-based dataflow accelerator

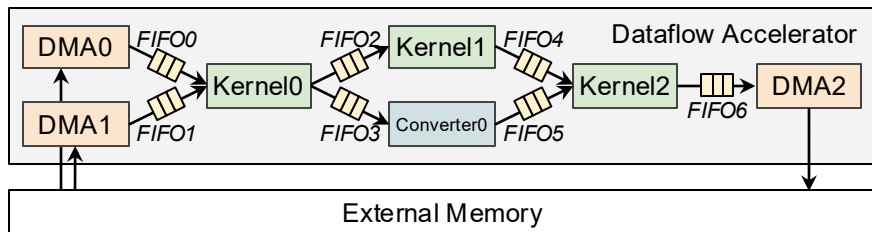
- Intermediate results are communicated through **on-chip ping-pong buffers**
- If on-chip memory resources are not enough, external memory is used
- Lead to frequent external memory access



(c) Schedule of the stream-based dataflow accelerator

**Reduce on-chip buffer utilization** ✓  
**Reduce external memory access** ✓  
**Reduce overall latency & throughput** ✓

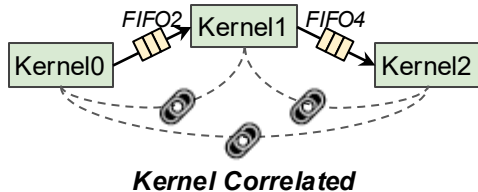
# Pitfalls of Stream-based Dataflow Accelerator



## Pitfall 1 External Memory Access

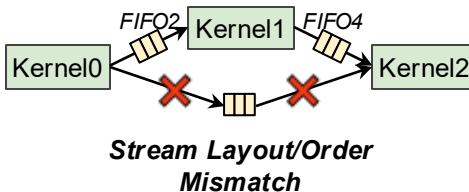
- Best external memory layout matching stream pattern?
- Widen external memory interfaces to maximize bandwidth?

## Pitfall 2 Inter-kernel Correlation



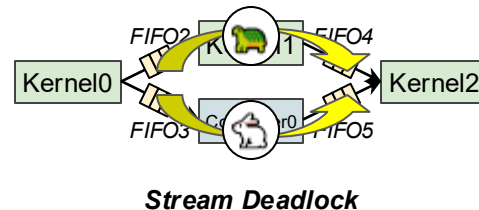
- Kernel tiling & parallelization?
- Local buffer partition?
- Kernel loop permutation?

## Pitfall 3 Kernel Fusion



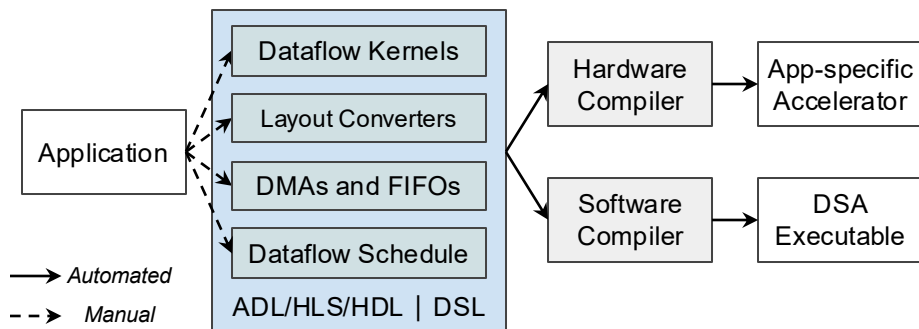
- Possible to stream?
- Minimal stream buffer size?
- Global fusion strategy?

## Pitfall 4 FIFO Sizing

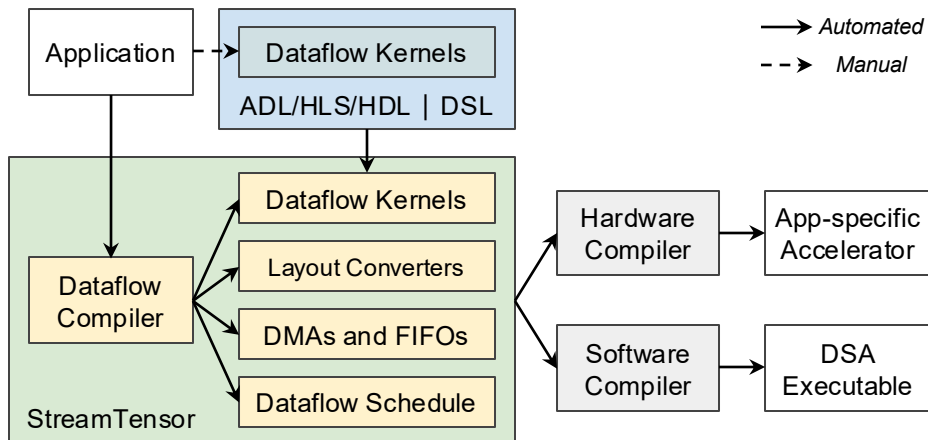


- Latency mismatch on different paths between two kernels
- Minimal FIFO size to avoid deadlock or kernel stall?

# Dataflow Accelerator Design Paradigm



## Paradigm Shift



- Manual dataflow kernels, layout converters, DMAs, and FIFOs design
- Difficult to comprehend the optimal solutions of the pitfalls
- Low design productivity

- Automate the generation of layout converters, DMAs, and FIFOs
- Resolve pitfalls through systematic design space exploration
- Support auto-tuned or hand-written kernel integration

# StreamTensor Outline

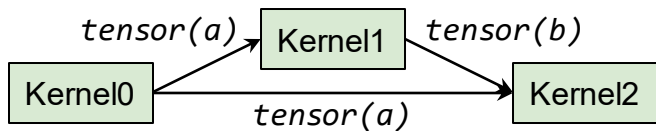


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# Motivation of Iterative Tensor Type

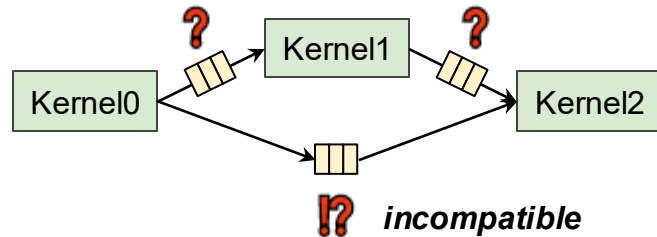


*Tensor-level Graph*

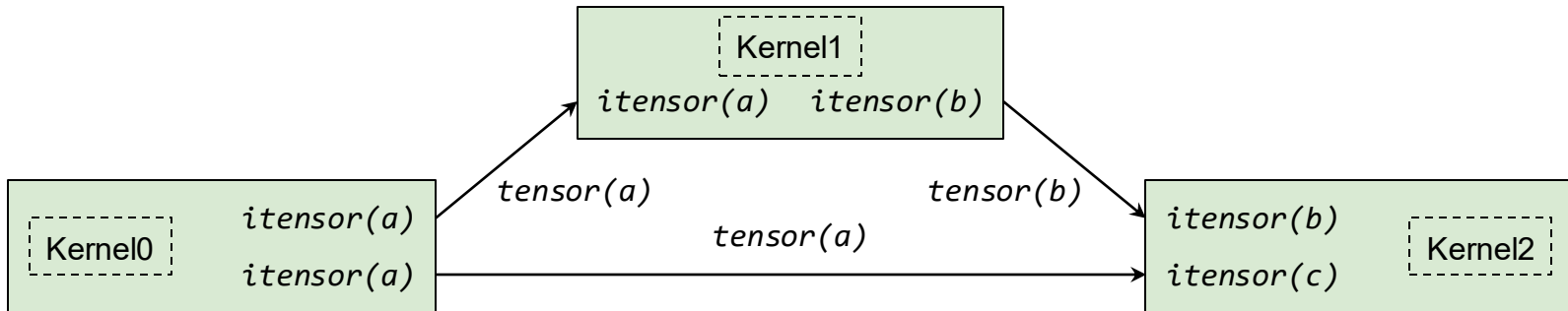


Enable Direct Streaming

*Dataflow Accelerator*



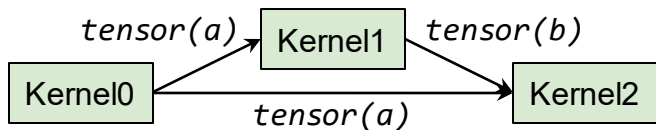
*Iterative Tensor-level Graph*



# Motivation of Iterative Tensor Type (Cont.)

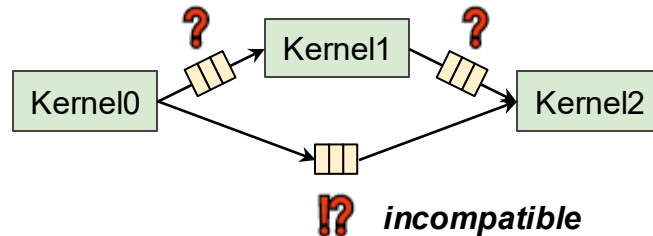


*Tensor-level Graph*



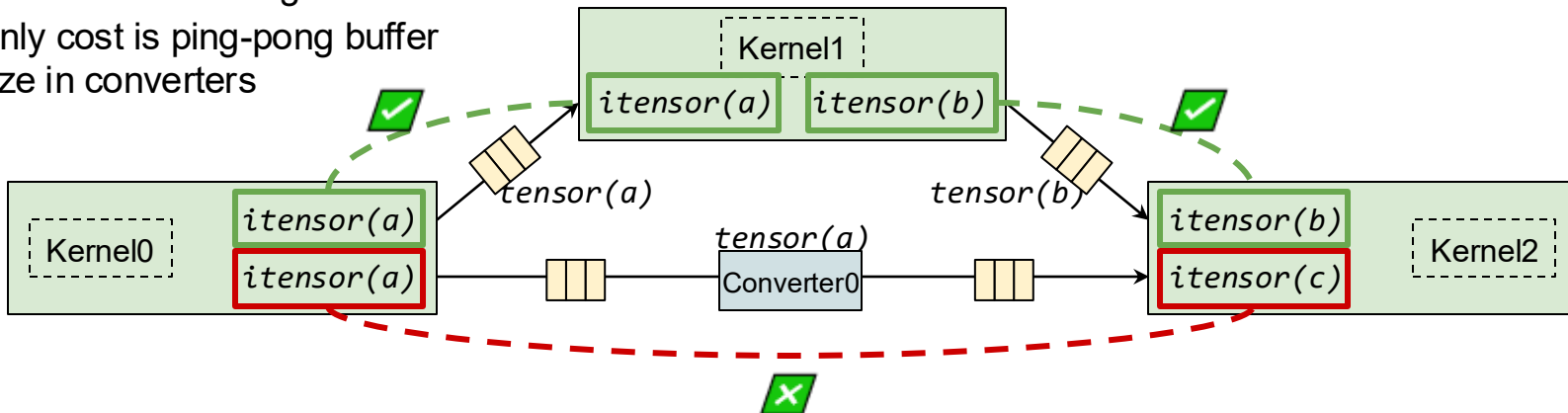
Enable Direct Streaming

*Dataflow Accelerator*

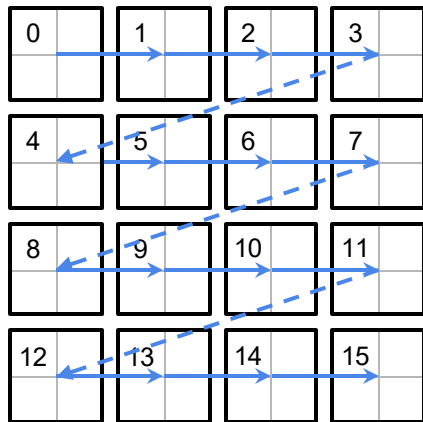


- By design, all kernels can be fused in a streaming manner
- Only cost is ping-pong buffer size in converters

*Iterative Tensor-level Graph*



# Iterative Tensor Type



(a) `itensor<2x2xf32,`  
    `iter_space: [4,4]*[2,2],`  
    `iter_map: (d0,d1)->(d0,d1)>`

`2x2xf32` = Element Shape & Type  
`iter_space` = Iteration Space  
            = `[Tripcounts]*[Steps]`  
`iter_map` = Iteration Affine Map

Iteration Space  
 $[4,4] * [2,2]$

$[0,0]$

$[0,2]$

$[0,4]$

$[0,6]$

$[2,0]$

$[2,2]$

...

  
Affine Mapping  
 $(d0,d1) \rightarrow (d0,d1)$

Element Shape  
 $2 \times 2$

Data Space

$[0,0]$

$[0,2]$

$[0,4]$

$[0,6]$

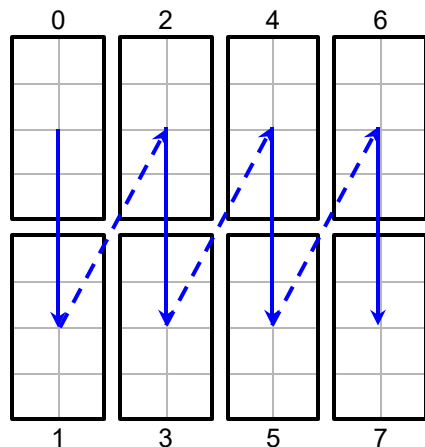
$[2,0]$

$[2,2]$

...

***Same itensor type means same stream layout/order***

# Iterative Tensor Type (Cont.)



(b) itensor<4x2xf32,  
iter\_space: [4,2]\*[2,4],  
iter\_map: (d0,d1)->(d1,d0)>

4x2xf32 = Element Shape & Type  
iter\_space = Iteration Space  
          = [Tripcounts]\*[Steps]  
iter\_map = Iteration Affine Map

Iteration Space  
[4,2]\*[2,4]

[0,0]

[0,4]

[2,0]

[2,4]

[4,0]

[4,4]

...

→  
Affine Mapping  
(d0,d1)->(d1,d0)

Element Shape  
4x2

Data Space

[0,0]

[4,0]

[0,2]

[4,2]

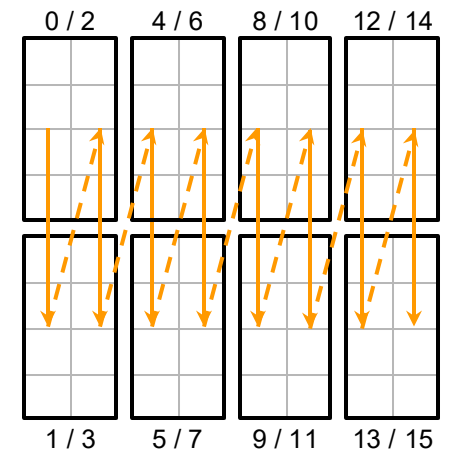
[0,4]

[4,4]

...

*Transposed stream layout/order*

# Iterative Tensor Type (Cont.)



(c) itensor<4x2xf32,  
 iter\_space: [4,2,2]\*[2,1,4],  
 iter\_map: (d0,d1,d2)->(d2,d0)>

4x2xf32 = Element Shape & Type  
 iter\_space = Iteration Space  
               = [Tripcounts]\*[Steps]  
 iter\_map = Iteration Affine Map

**Iteration Space**  
 [4,2,2]\*[2,1,4]

[0,0,0]

[0,0,4]

[0,1,0]

[0,1,4]

[2,0,0]

[2,0,4]

...

➔  
**Affine Mapping**  
 (d0,d1,d2) -> (d2,d0)

**Element Shape**  
 4x2

**Data Space**

[0,0]

[4,0]

[0,0]

[4,0]

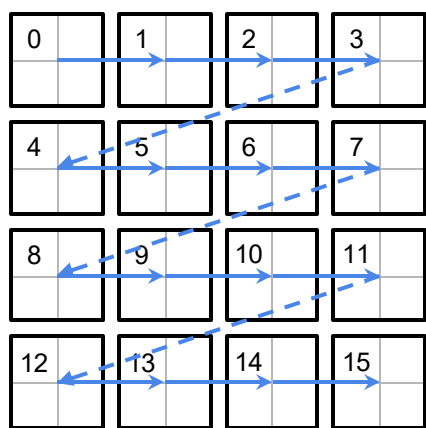
[0,2]

[4,2]

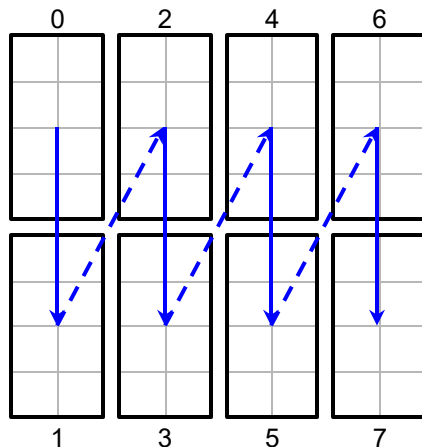
...

*Transposed and repeated stream layout/order*

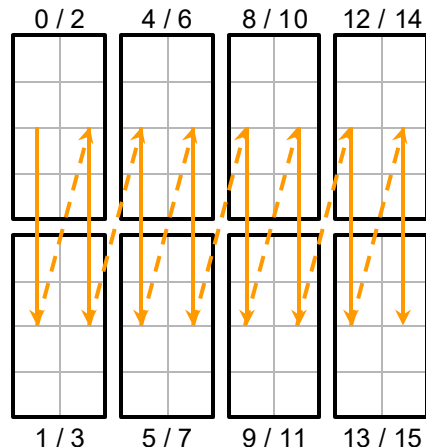
# Iterative Tensor Type (Cont.)



(a) `itensor<2x2xf32,`  
`iter_space: [4,4]*[2,2],`  
`iter_map: (d0,d1)->(d0,d1)>`



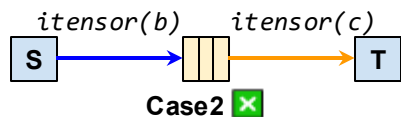
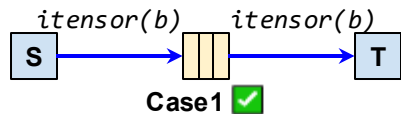
(b) `itensor<4x2xf32,`  
`iter_space: [4,2]*[2,4],`  
`iter_map: (d0,d1)->(d1,d0)>`



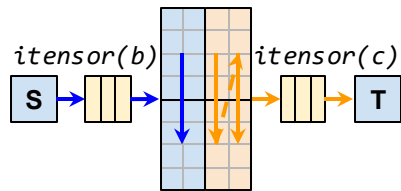
(c) `itensor<4x2xf32,`  
`iter_space: [4,2,2]*[2,1,4],`  
`iter_map: (d0,d1,d2)->(d2,d0)>`

`tensor<8x8xf32>`

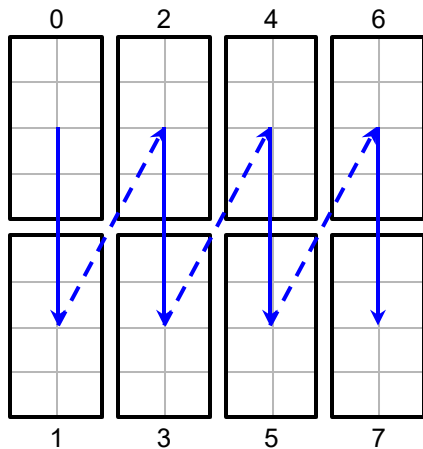
*The minimal buffer size is inferred from itensor types,  
 which are used as “cost” during kernel fusion*



Insert Buffer



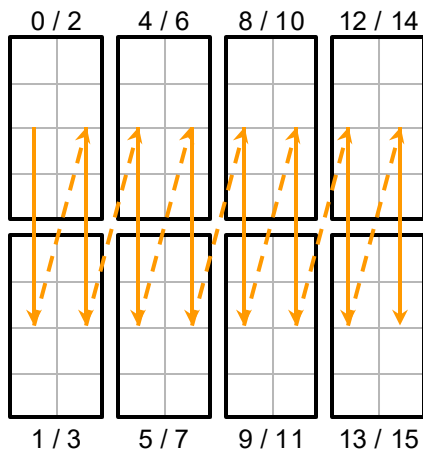
# Infer Buffer Shape from Iterative Tensor Types



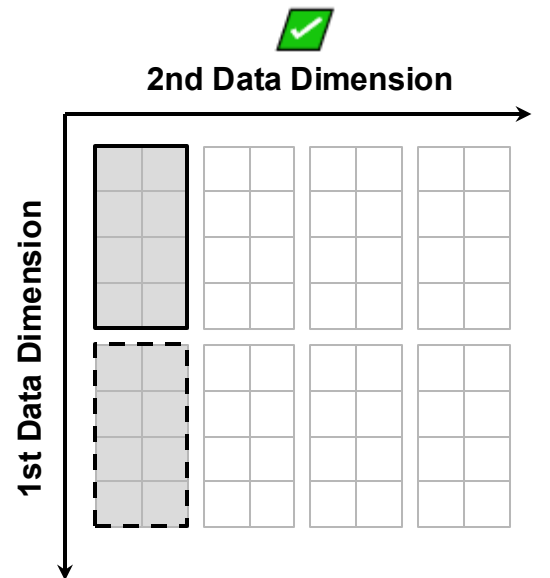
(b) `itensor<4x2xf32,`  
`iter_space: [4,2]*[2,4],`  
`iter_map: (d0,d1)->(d1,d0)>`

Element Shape

Iteration Dimension

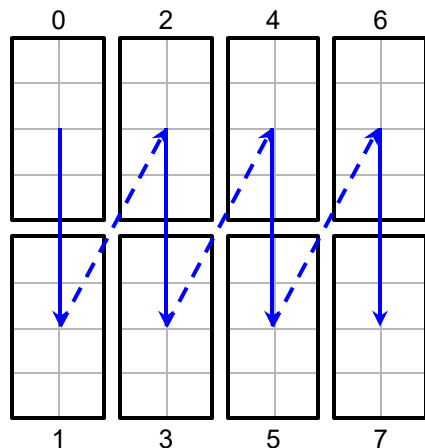


(c) `itensor<4x2xf32,`  
`iter_space: [4,2,2]*[2,1,4],`  
`iter_map: (d0,d1,d2)->(d2,d0)>`



*Traverse each data dimension  
from little-endian*

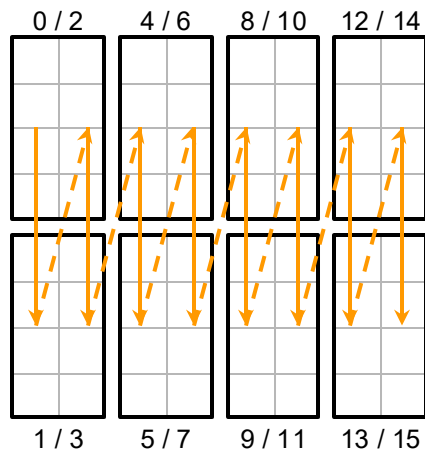
# Infer Buffer Shape from Iterative Tensor Types (Cont.)



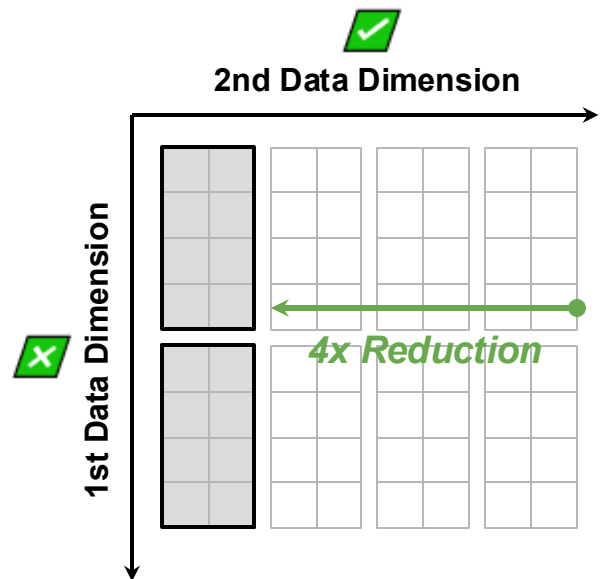
(b) `itensor<4x2xf32,`  
`iter_space: [4,2]*[2,4],`  
`iter_map: (d0,d1)->(d1,d0)>`

Element Shape

Iteration Dimension



(c) `itensor<4x2xf32,`  
`iter_space: [4,2,2]*[2,1,4],`  
`iter_map: (d0,d1,d2)->(d2,d0)>`



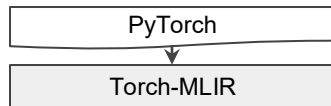
*Traverse each data dimension  
from little-endian*

# StreamTensor Outline

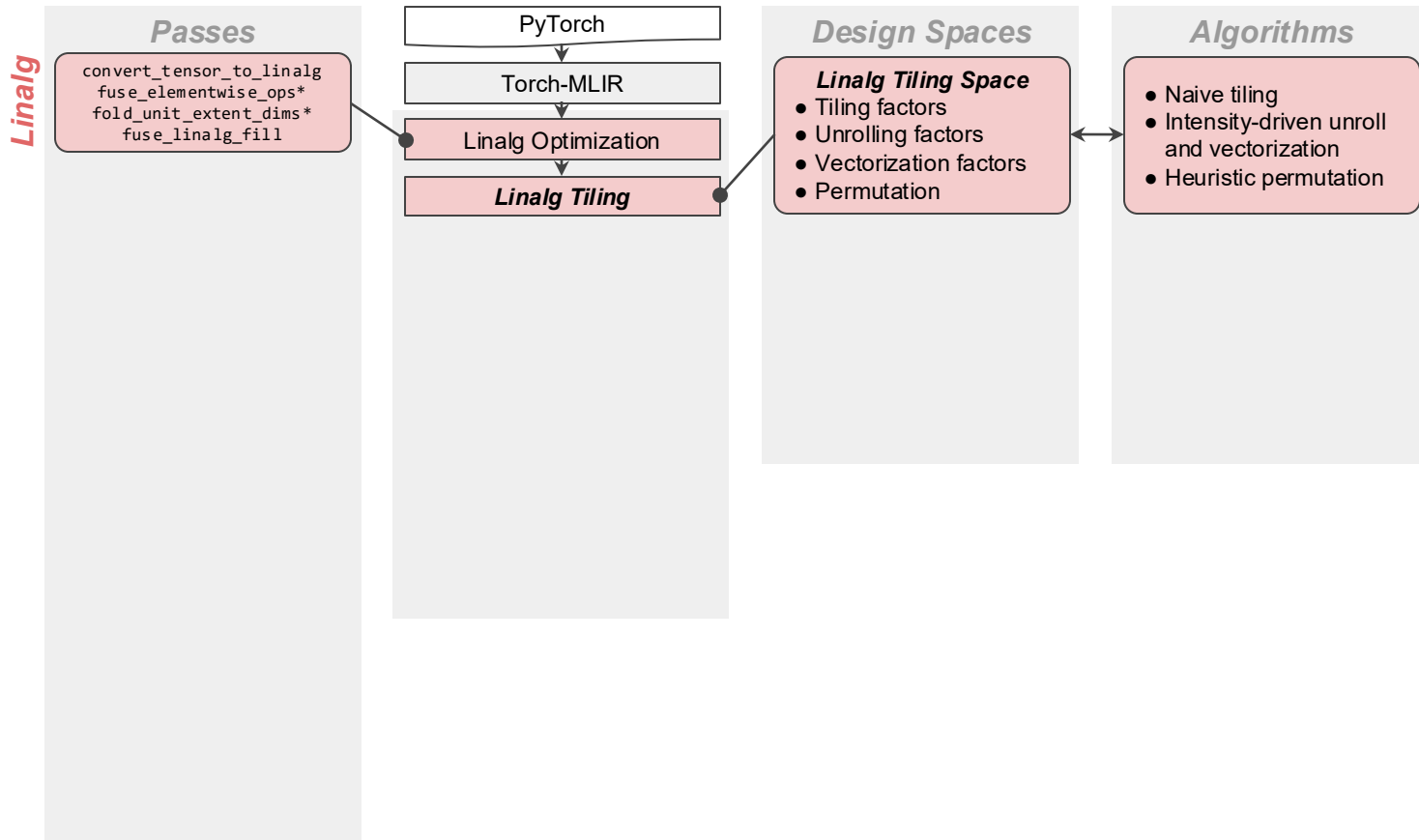


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- **StreamTensor Compilation Pipeline**
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- StreamTensor Results

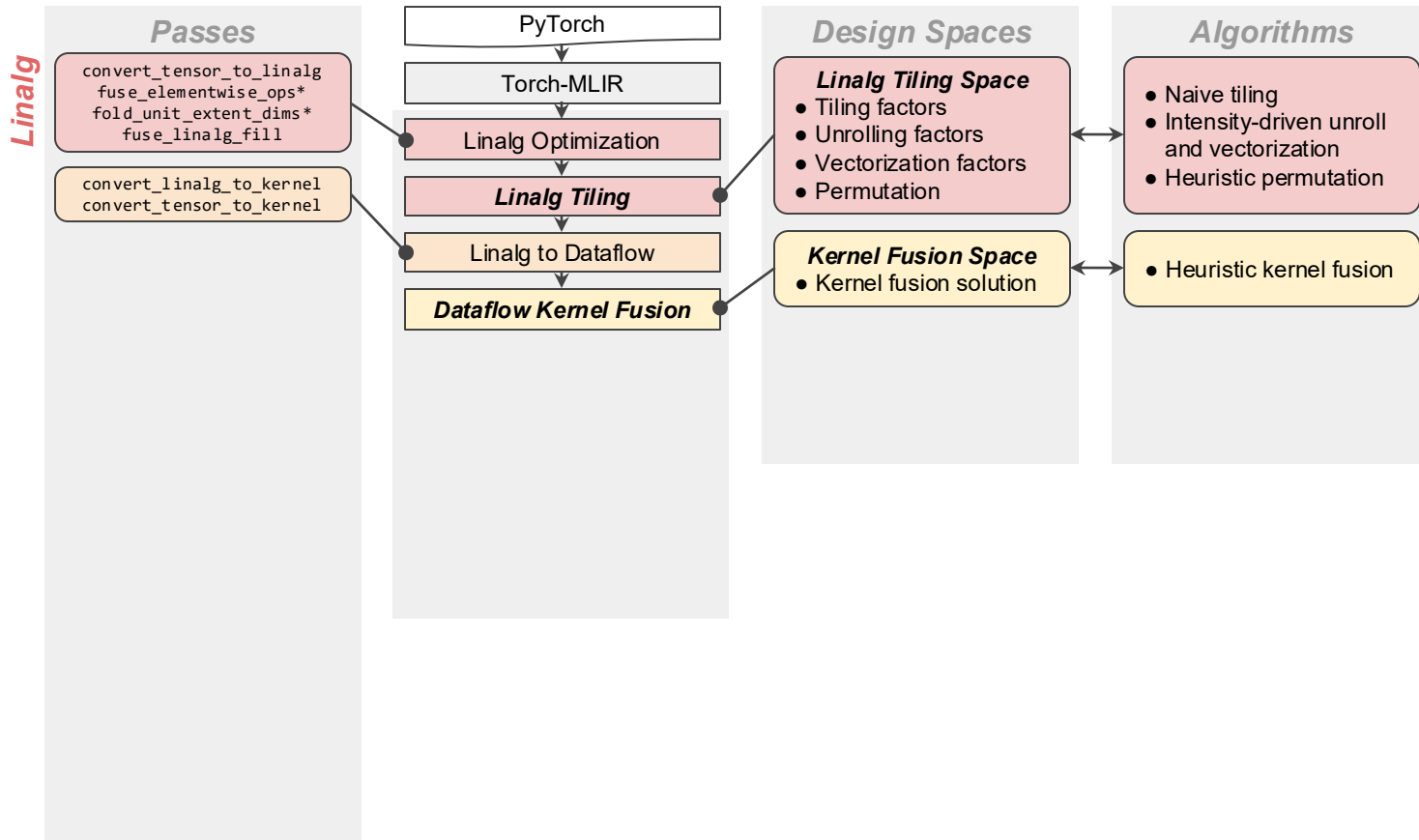
# StreamTensor Framework Overview



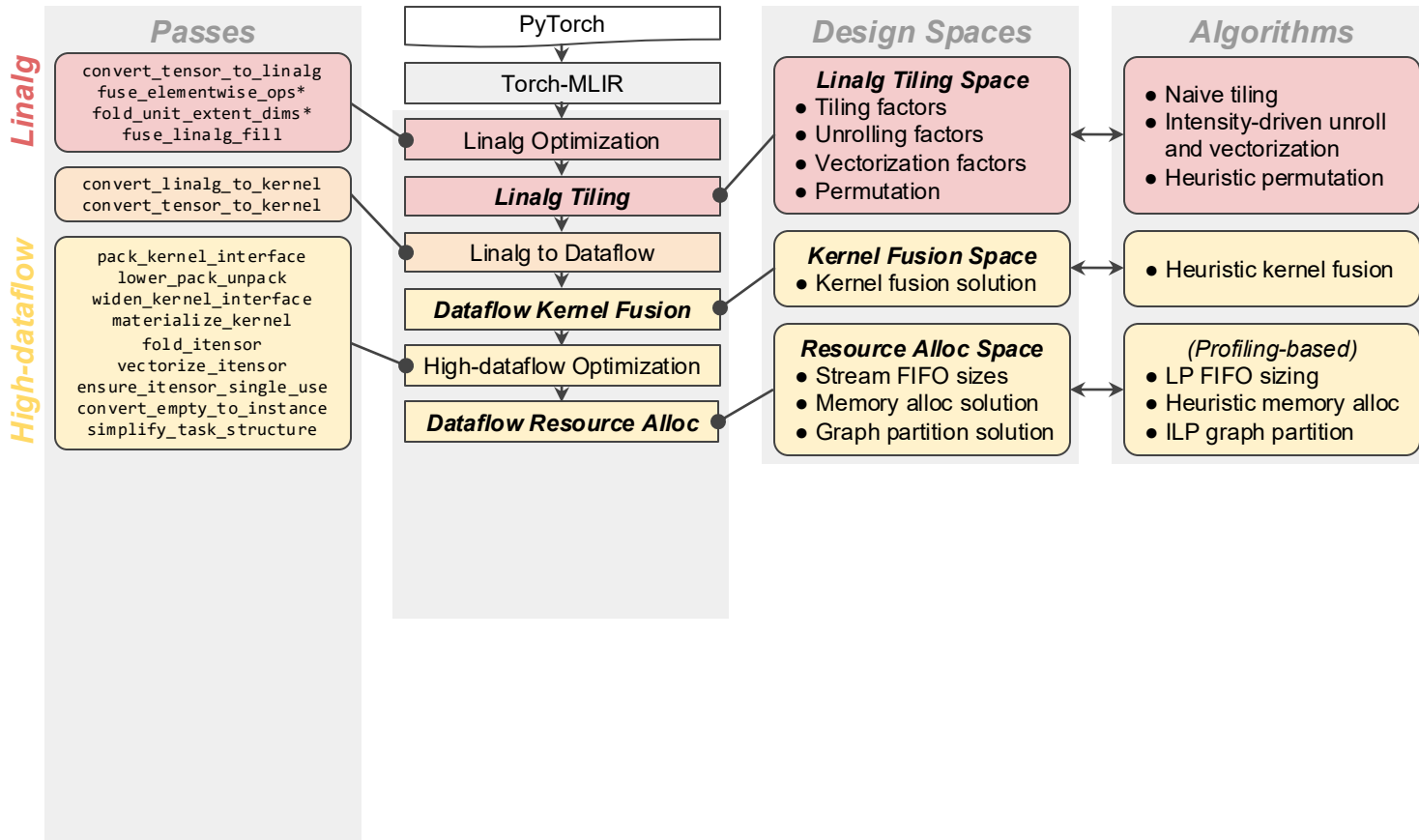
# StreamTensor Framework Overview



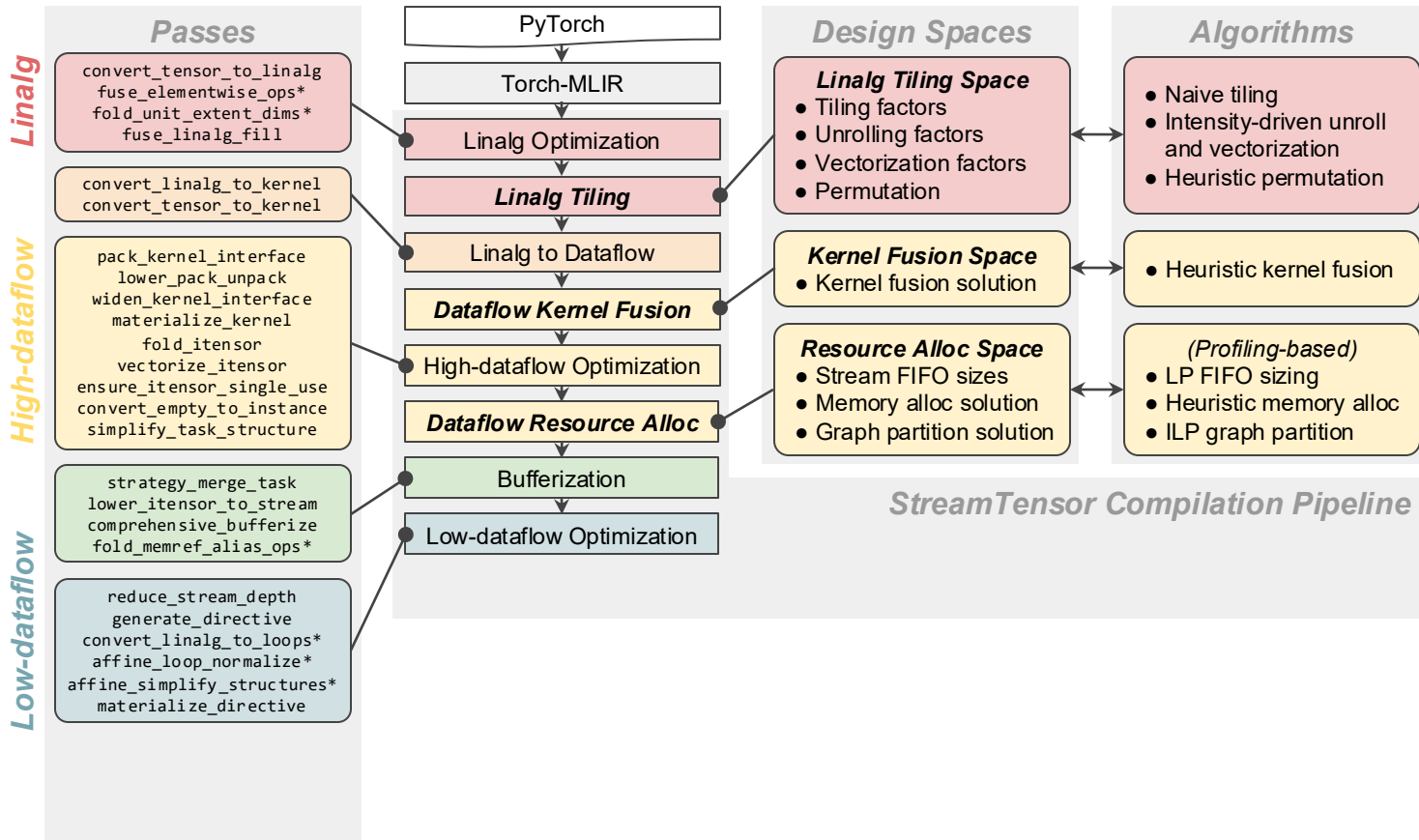
# StreamTensor Framework Overview



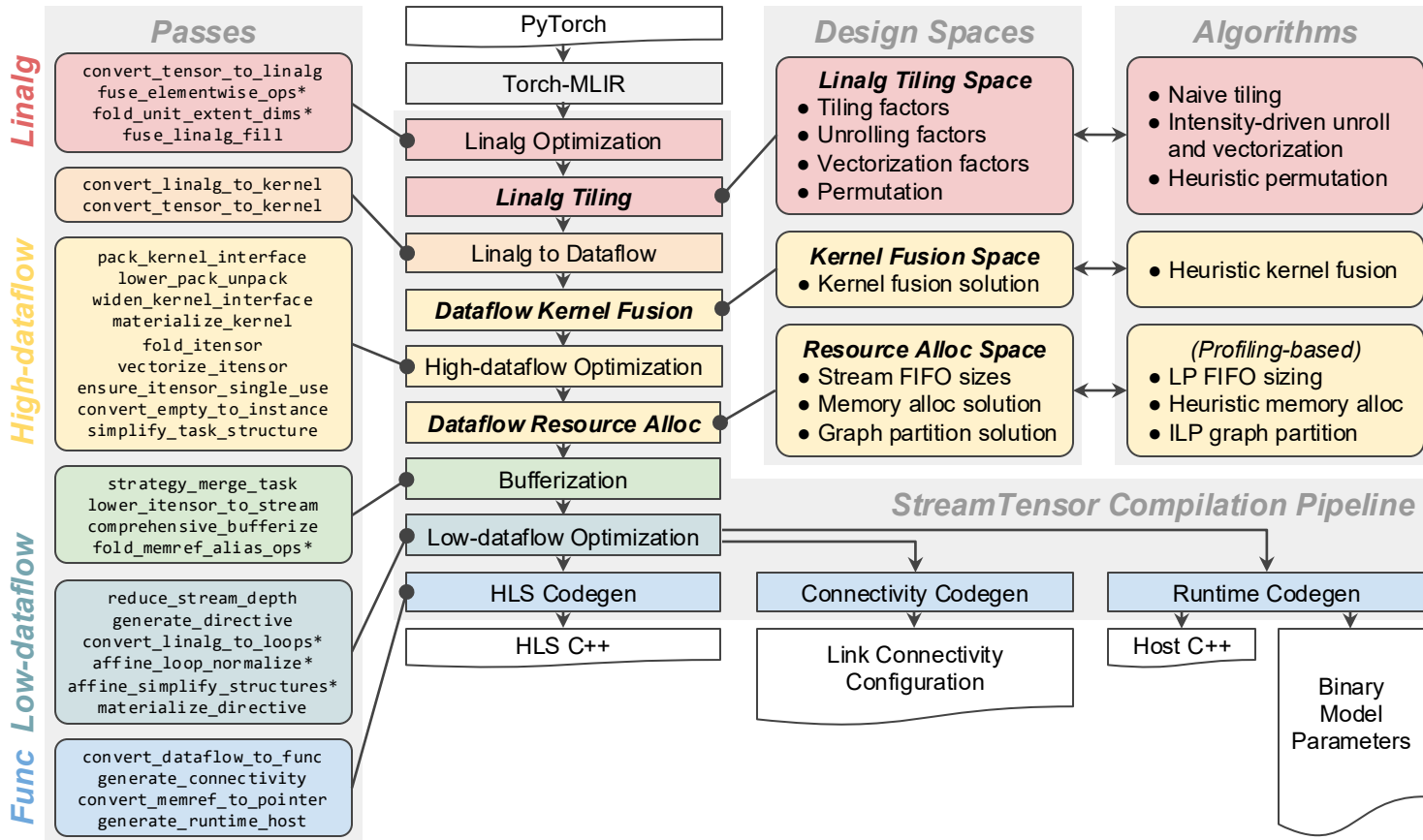
# StreamTensor Framework Overview



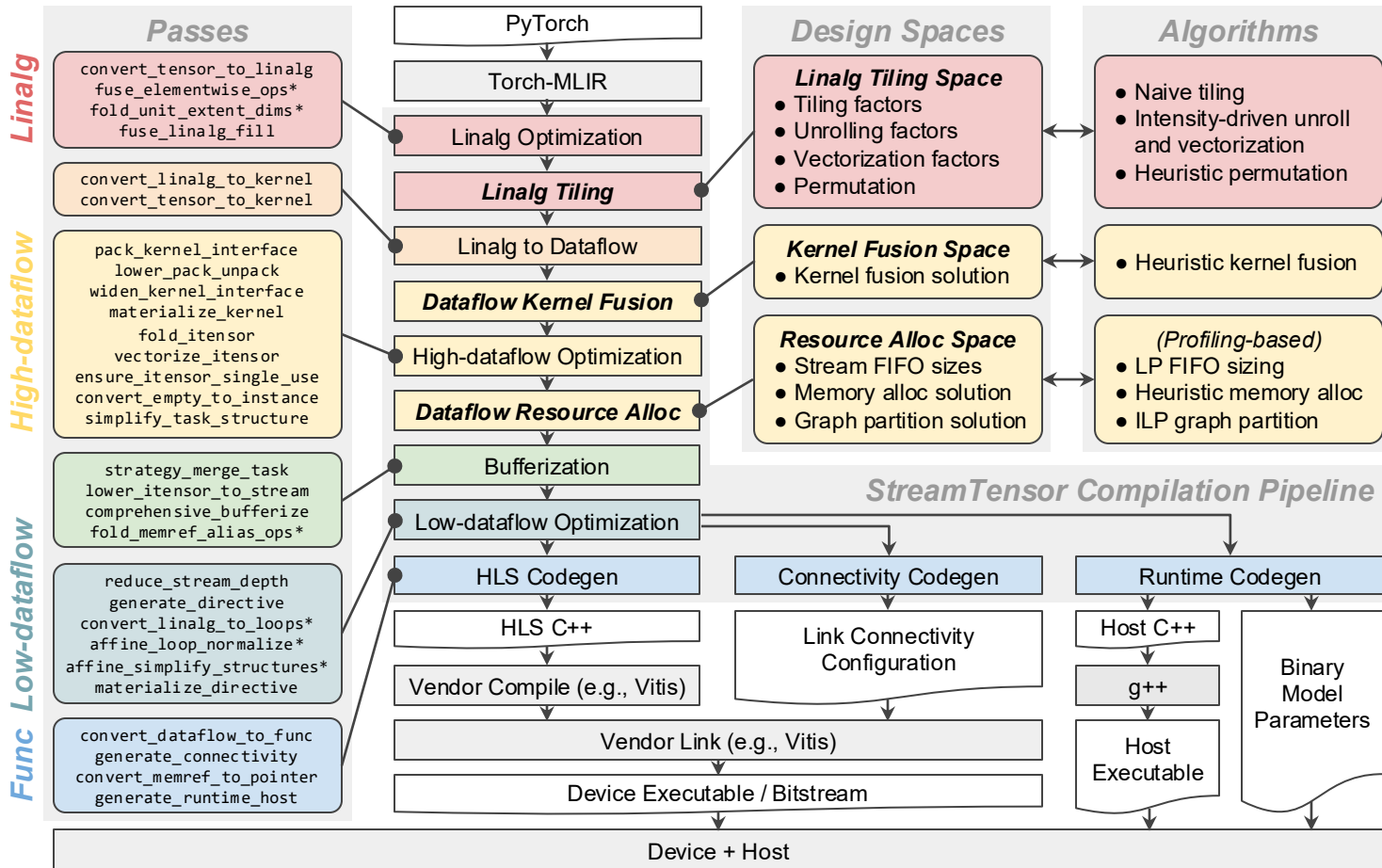
# StreamTensor Framework Overview



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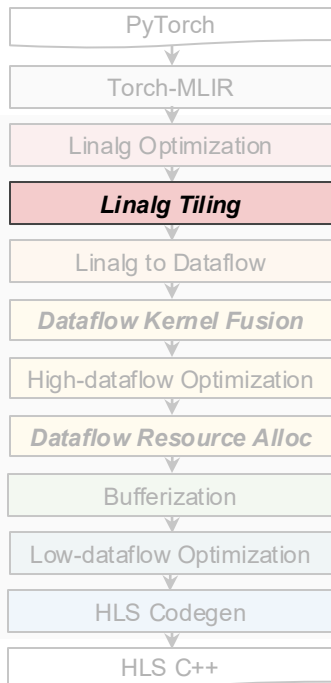


# StreamTensor Outline



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# Linalg Tiling Space



```
1 float A[32][16];
2 NODE0_I: for (int i=0; i<32; i++)
3   NODE0_K: for (int k=0; k<16; k++)
4     A[i][k] = ...; // Load array A.
5
6 float B[16][16];
7 NODE1_K: for (int k=0; k<16; k++)
8   NODE1_J: for (int j=0; j<16; j++)
9     B[k][j] = ...; // Load array B.
10
11 float C[16][16];
12 NODE2_I: for (int i=0; i<16; i++)
13   NODE2_J: for (int j=0; j<16; j++)
14     NODE2_K: for (int k=0; k<16; k++)
15       C[i][j] = A[i*2][k] * B[k][j];
```

## HIDA IA+CA Algorithm

| Node  | Intensity | Parallel Factor |       | Loop Unroll Factors |           |           |           |
|-------|-----------|-----------------|-------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|       |           | w/o IA          | w/ IA | IA+CA               | IA        | CA        | Naive     |
| Node0 | 512       | 32              | 4     | [4, 1]              | [2, 2]    | [8, 4]    | [4, 8]    |
| Node1 | 256       | 32              | 2     | [1, 2]              | [1, 2]    | [4, 8]    | [4, 8]    |
| Node2 | 4,096     | 32              | 32    | [4, 8, 1]           | [4, 8, 1] | [4, 8, 1] | [4, 8, 1] |

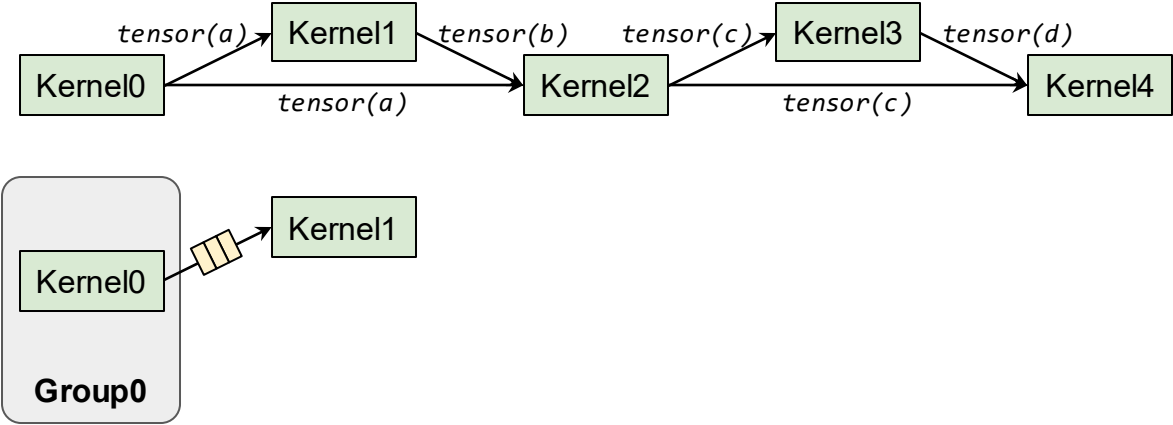
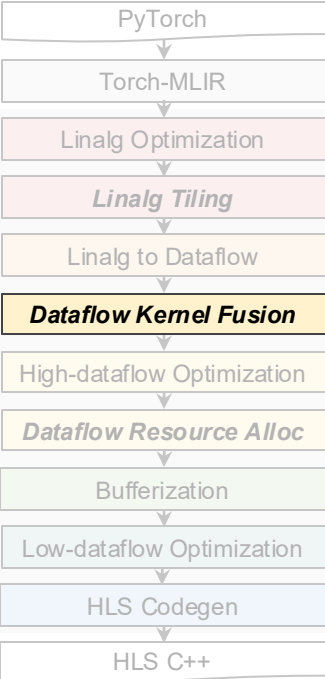
*Intensity-aware (IA)  
Connectedness-aware (CA)  
HIDA DSE*

*Naive  
ScaleHLS  
DSE*

| Array | Array Partition Factors |        |        |        | Bank Number |    |    |       |    |
|-------|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------------|----|----|-------|----|
|       | IA+CA                   | IA     | CA     | Naive  | IA+CA       | IA | CA | Naive |    |
| A     | [8, 1]                  | [8, 2] | [8, 4] | [8, 8] | 8           | 16 | 32 | 64    | 8x |
| B     | [1, 8]                  | [2, 8] | [4, 8] | [8, 8] | 8           | 16 | 32 | 64    | 8x |
| C     | [4, 8]                  | [4, 8] | [4, 8] | [4, 8] | 32          | 32 | 32 | 32    | 1x |

*The design space is exposed at Python level, open for  
auto-tuning or other optimization algorithm*

# Kernel Fusion Space

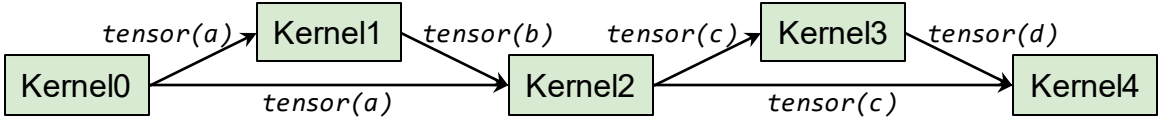
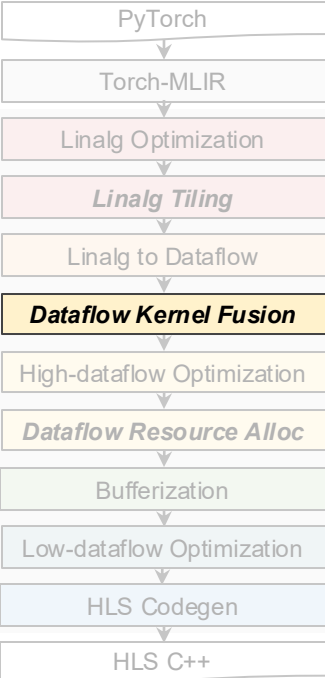


*Topological  
Order  
Traversal*

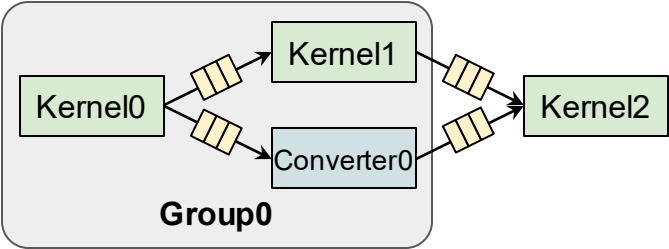
*Group0 On-  
chip  
Memory  
Available*

|         | Group0                   | Group1 |
|---------|--------------------------|--------|
| Kernels | Kernel0                  |        |
| Cost    | Local <sub>Kernel0</sub> |        |

# Kernel Fusion Space (Cont.)



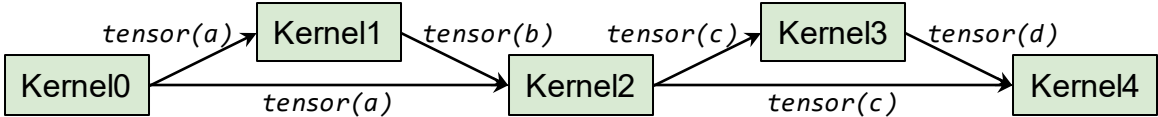
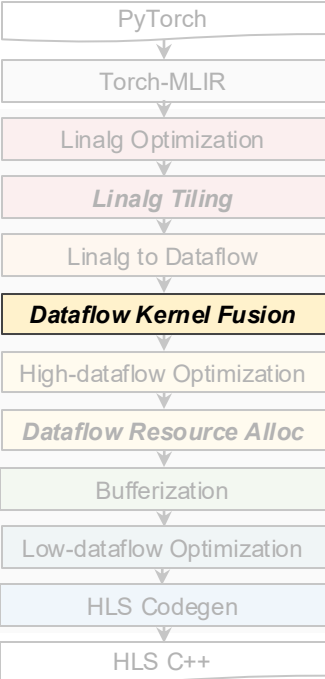
*Topological  
Order  
Traversal*



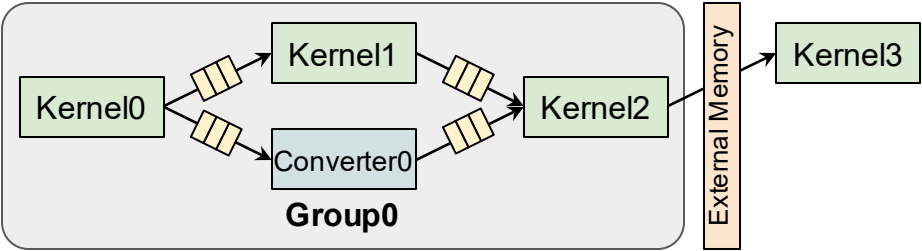
*Group0 On-  
chip  
Memory  
Available*

|         | Group0                   |                          | Group1 |
|---------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------|
| Kernels | Kernel0                  | Kernel1                  |        |
| Cost    | Local <sub>Kernel0</sub> | Local <sub>Kernel1</sub> |        |

# Kernel Fusion Space (Cont.)



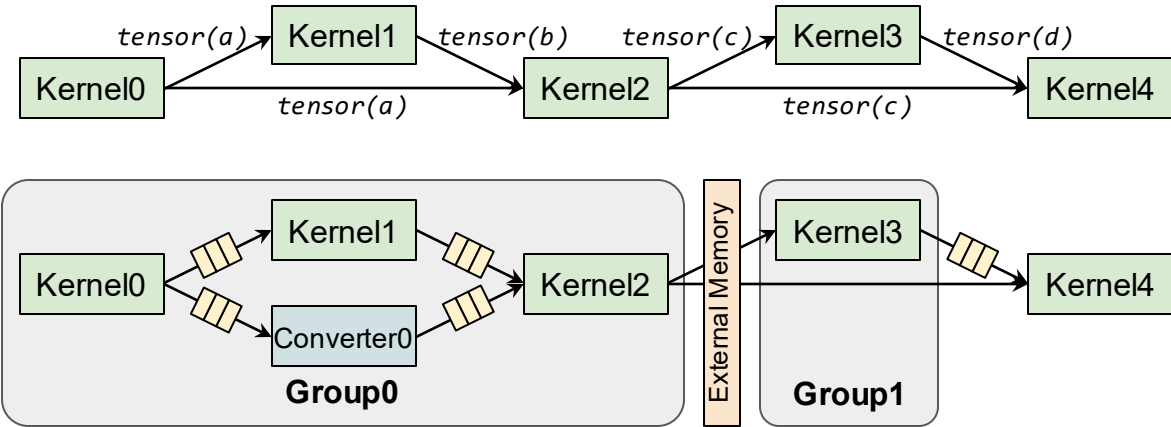
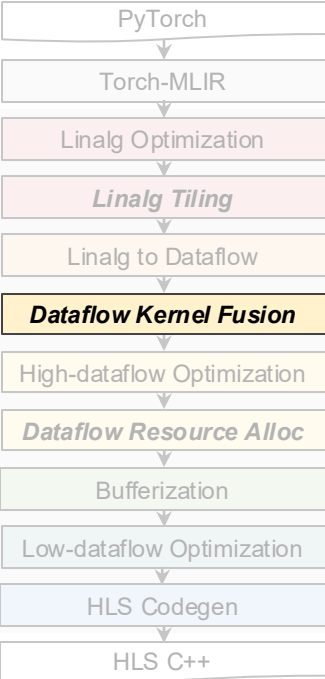
*Topologica  
I Order  
Traversal*



*Group0  
On-chip  
Memory  
Full*

|         | Group0                                 |                                                      | Group1 |
|---------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| Kernels | Kernel0<br>Kernel2                     | Kernel1                                              |        |
| Cost    | Local <sub>Kernel0</sub><br>Converter0 | Local <sub>Kernel1</sub><br>Local <sub>Kernel2</sub> |        |

# Kernel Fusion Space (Cont.)

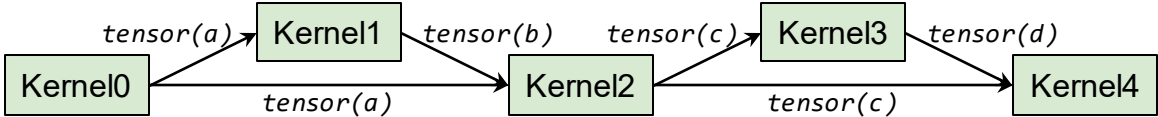
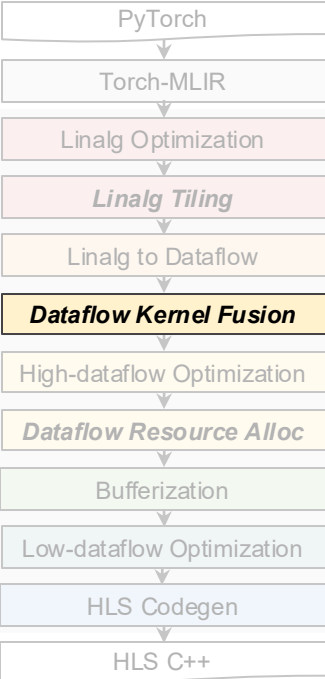


*Topological  
Order  
Traversal*

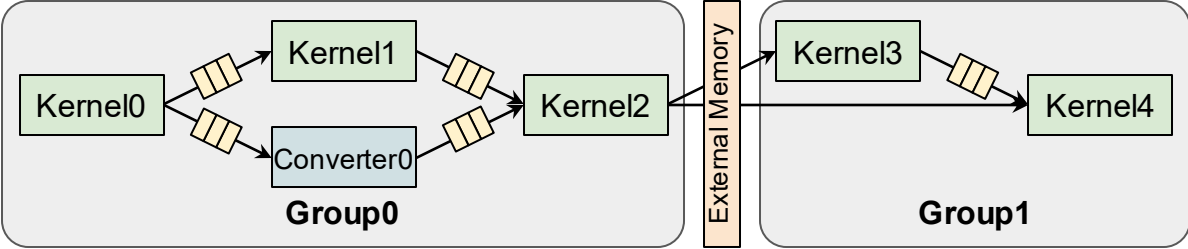
*Select the  
Nearest  
Predecessor*

|         | Group0                                 |                                                      | Group1                   |
|---------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Kernels | Kernel0<br>Kernel2                     | Kernel1                                              | Kernel3                  |
| Cost    | Local <sub>Kernel0</sub><br>Converter0 | Local <sub>Kernel1</sub><br>Local <sub>Kernel2</sub> | Local <sub>Kernel3</sub> |

# Kernel Fusion Space (Cont.)



*Topological  
Order  
Traversal*



*Intra-group:  
Streaming*

*Inter-group:  
External  
Memory*

|         | Group0                                 |                                                      | Group1                                               |
|---------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| Kernels | Kernel0<br>Kernel2                     | Kernel1<br>Local <sub>Kernel2</sub>                  | Kernel3<br>Kernel4<br>Local <sub>Kernel4</sub>       |
| Cost    | Local <sub>Kernel0</sub><br>Converter0 | Local <sub>Kernel1</sub><br>Local <sub>Kernel2</sub> | Local <sub>Kernel3</sub><br>Local <sub>Kernel4</sub> |

*Each Group*

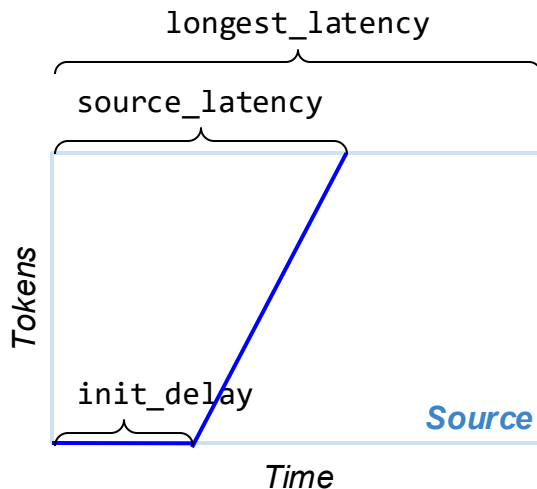
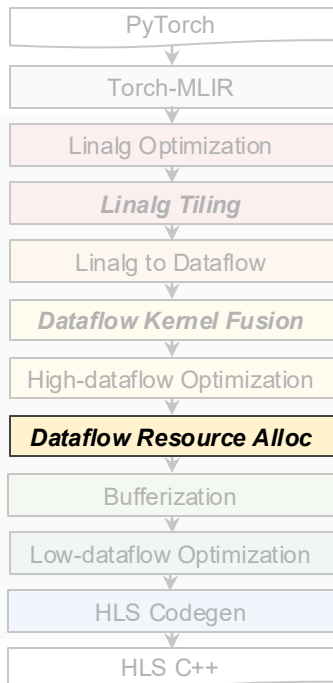


*One Kernel*



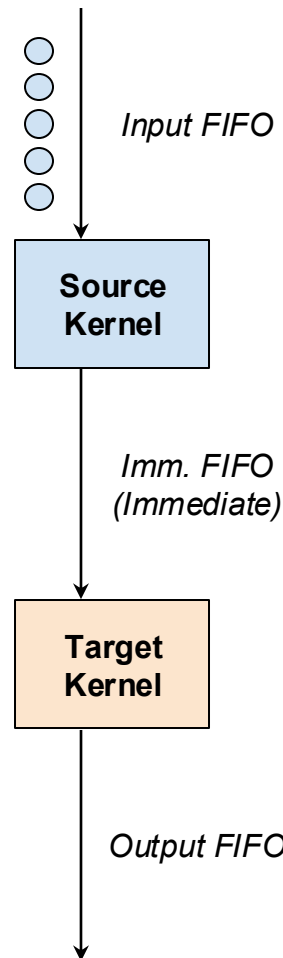
*One Bitstream  
(if on FPGA)*

# Resource Allocation Space - FIFO Sizing

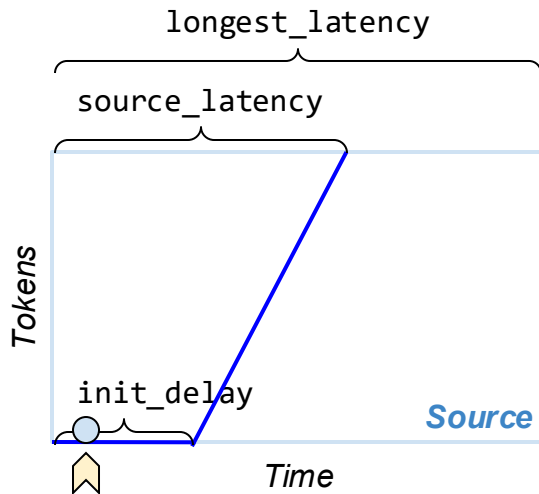
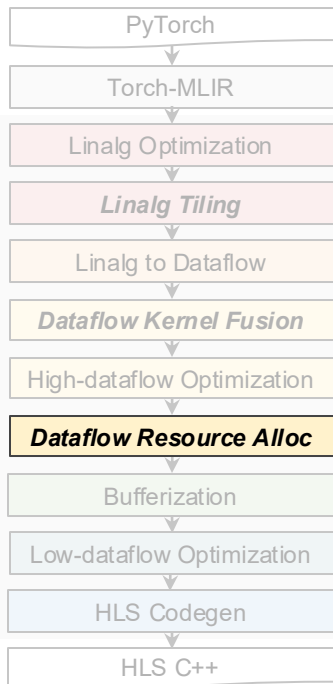


**Source Token Production Curve  
(Push Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

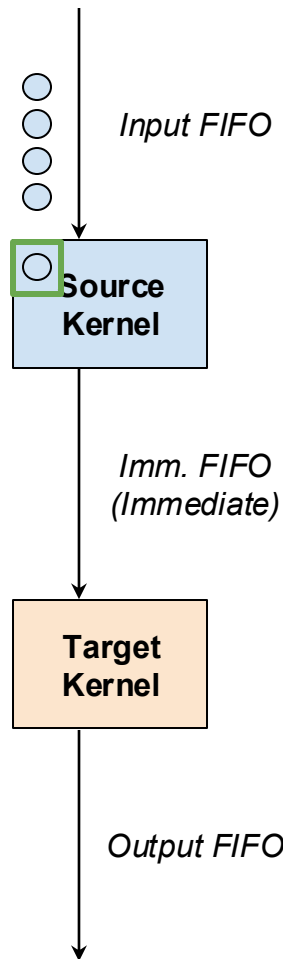


# Token Behavior Modeling

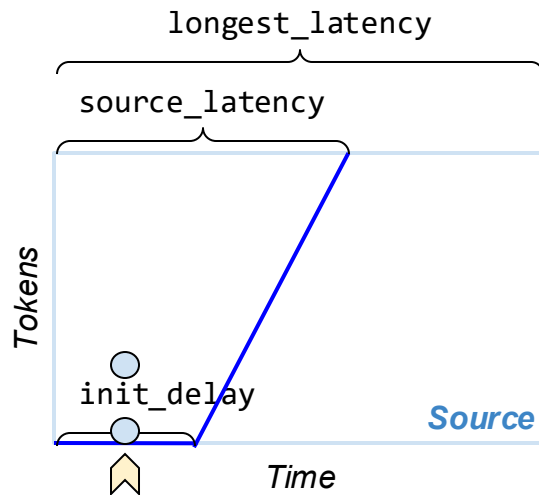
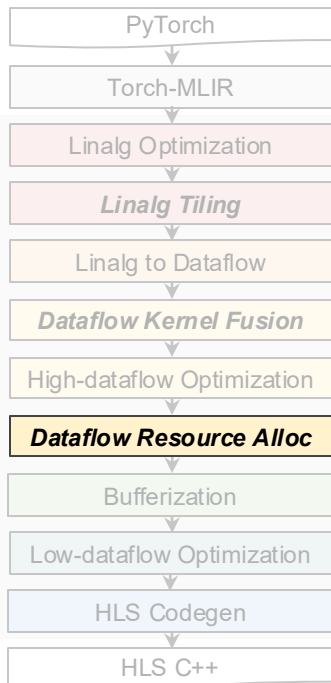


**Source Token Production Curve  
(Push Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

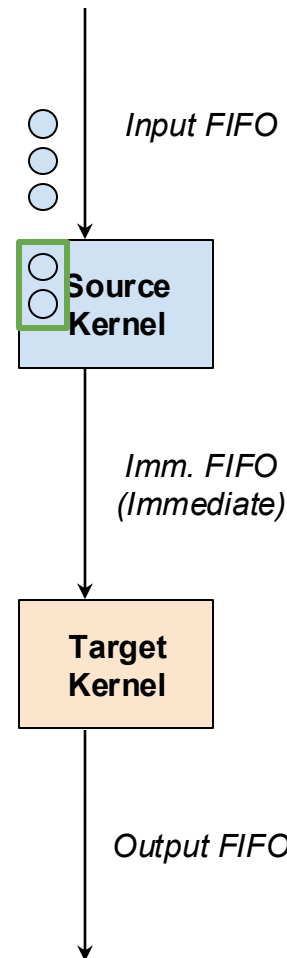


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

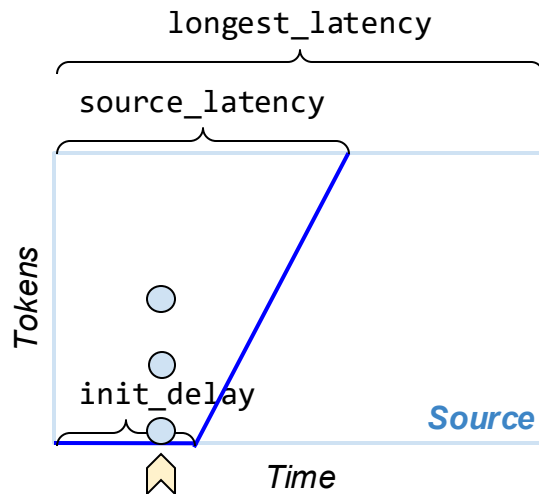
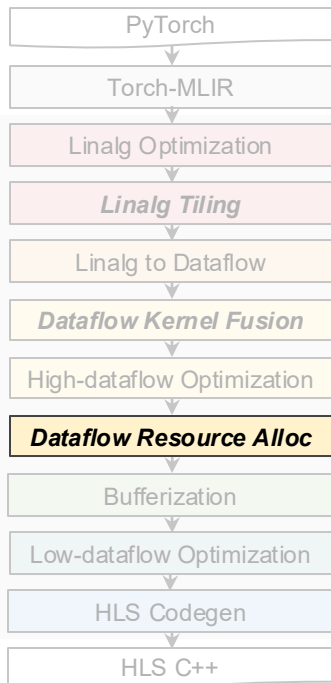


**Source Token Production Curve  
(Push Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

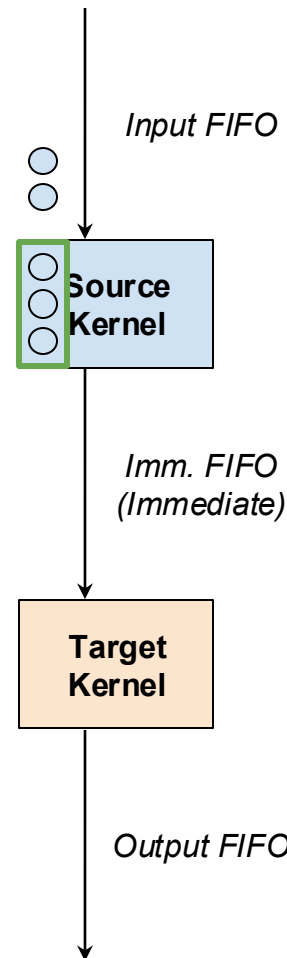


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

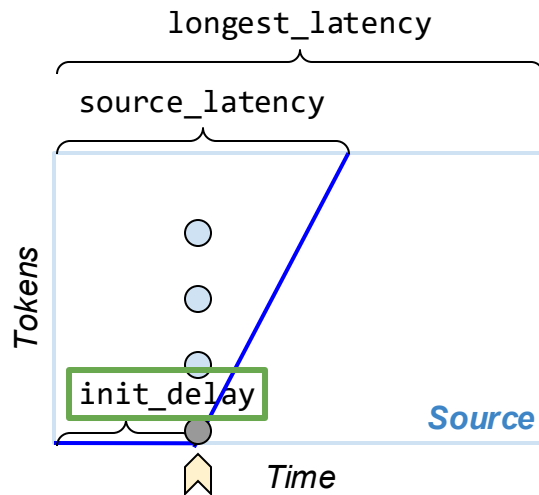
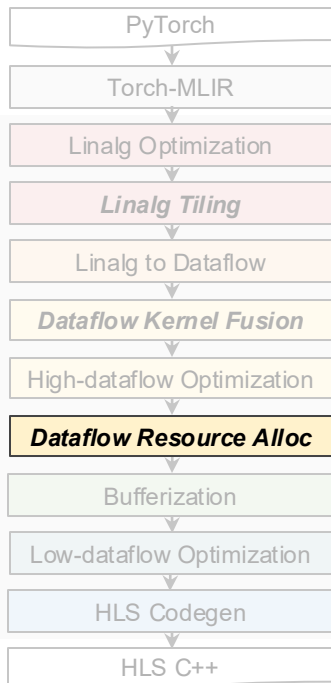


**Source Token Production Curve  
(Push Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

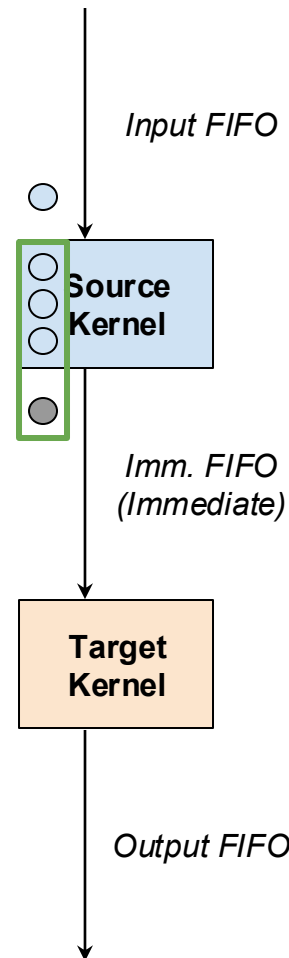


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

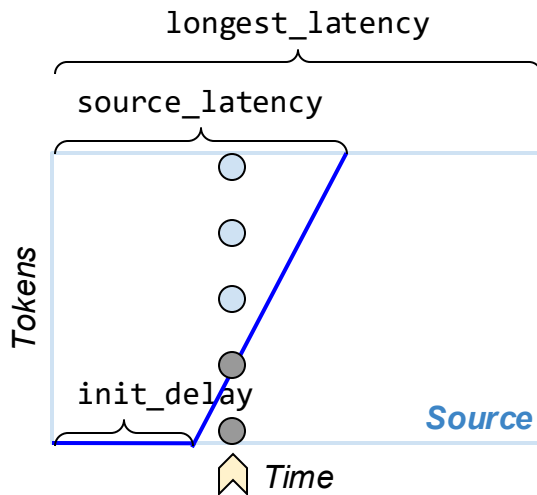
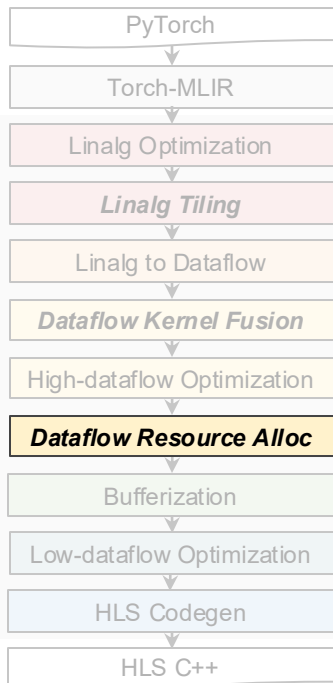


**Source Token Production Curve  
(Push Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

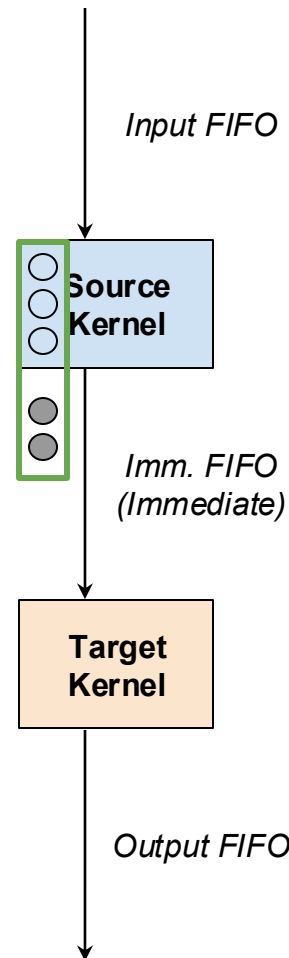


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

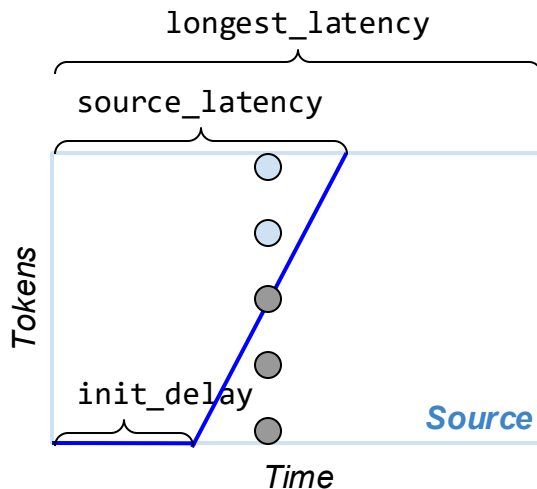
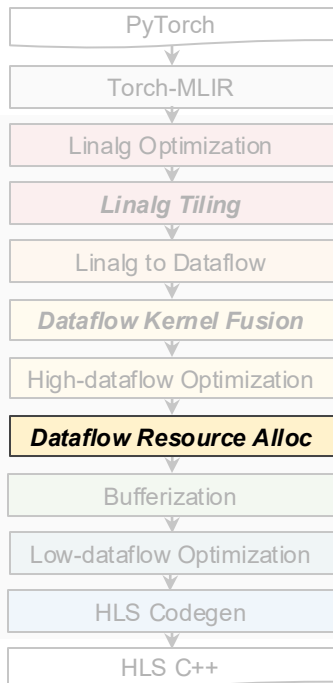


**Source Token Production Curve  
(Push Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

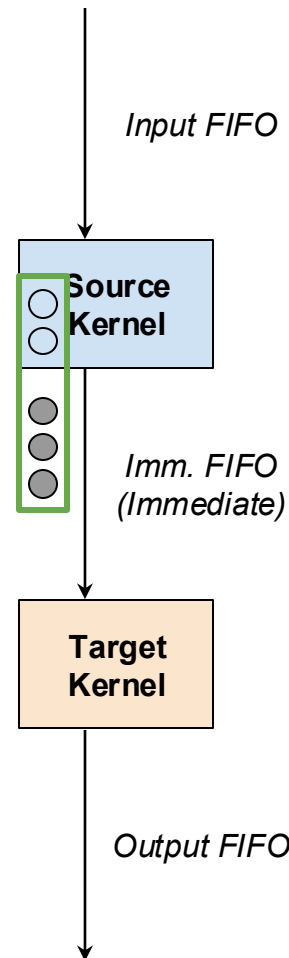


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

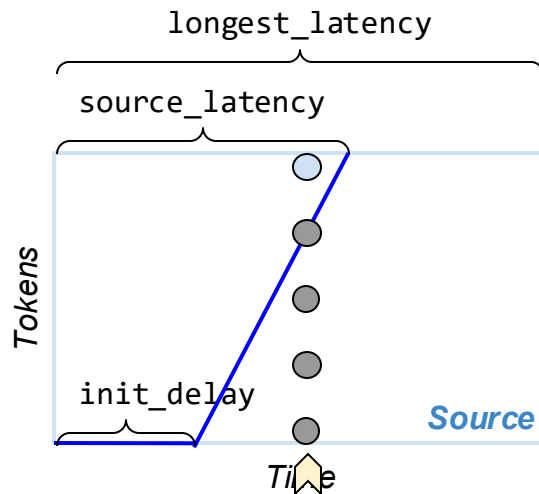
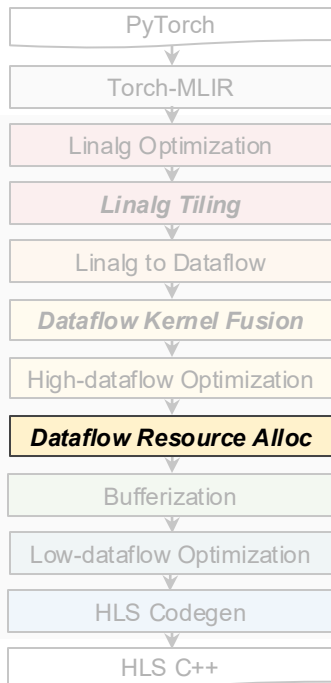


**Source Token Production Curve  
(Push Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

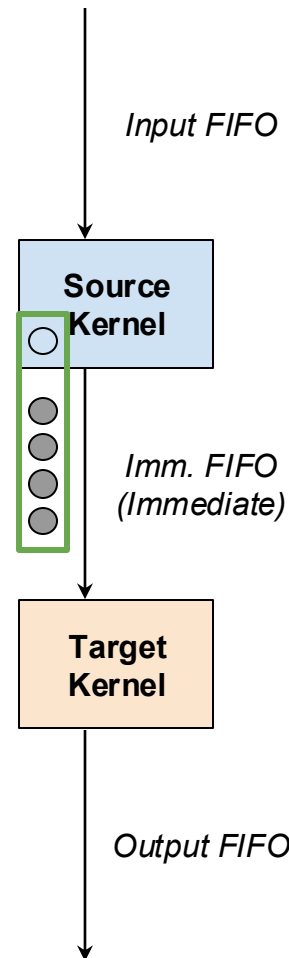


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

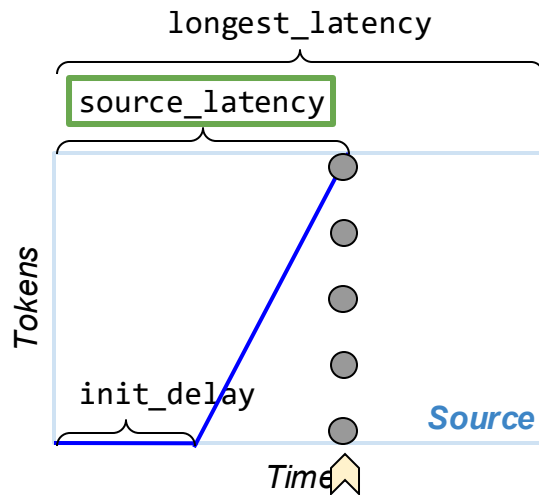
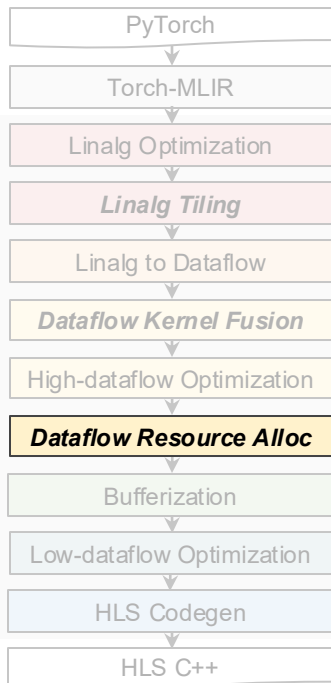


**Source Token Production Curve  
(Push Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

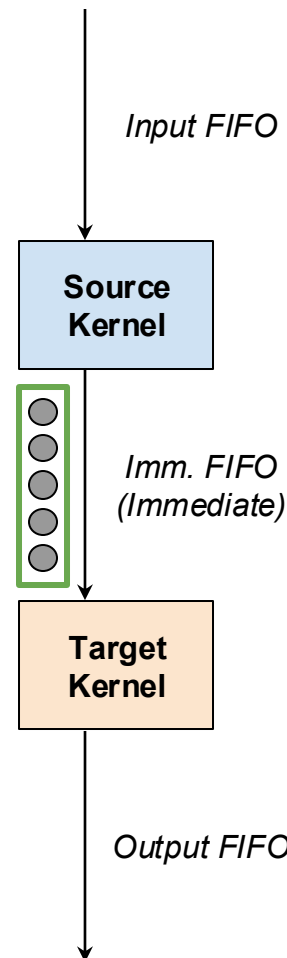


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

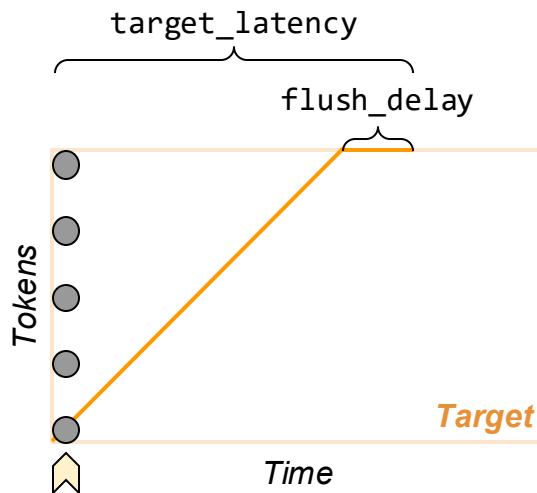
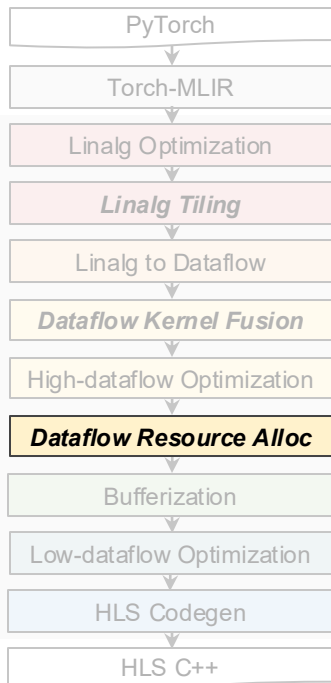


**Source Token Production Curve  
(Push Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

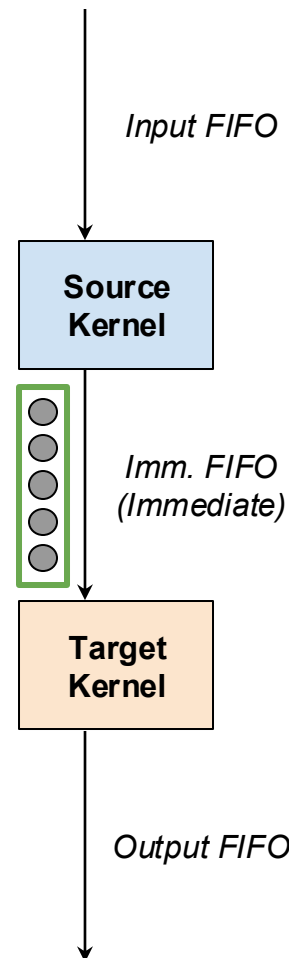


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

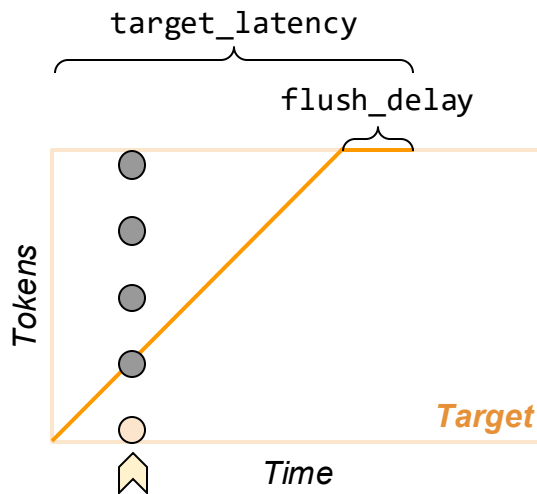
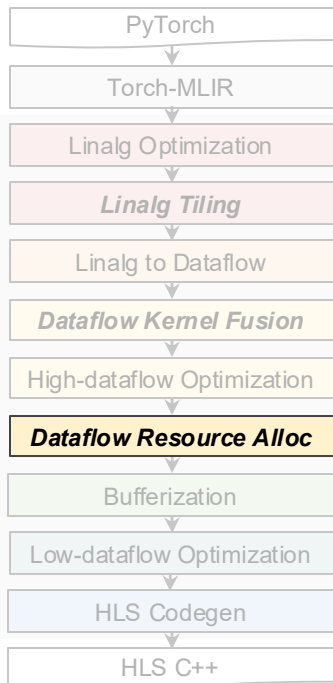


**Target Token Consumption Curve  
(Pull Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

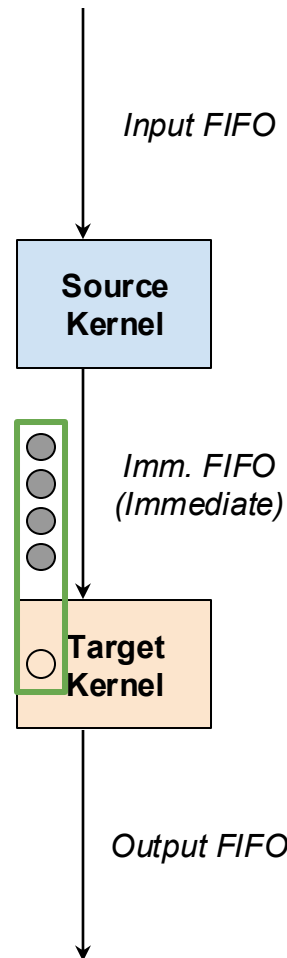


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

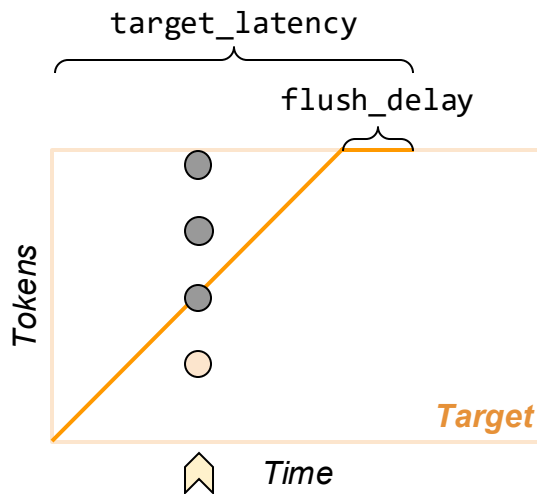
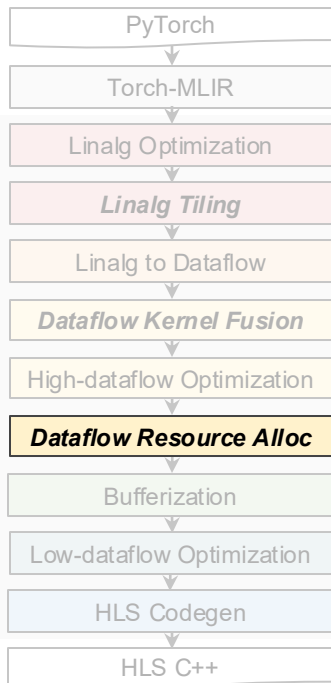


**Target Token Consumption Curve (Pull Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

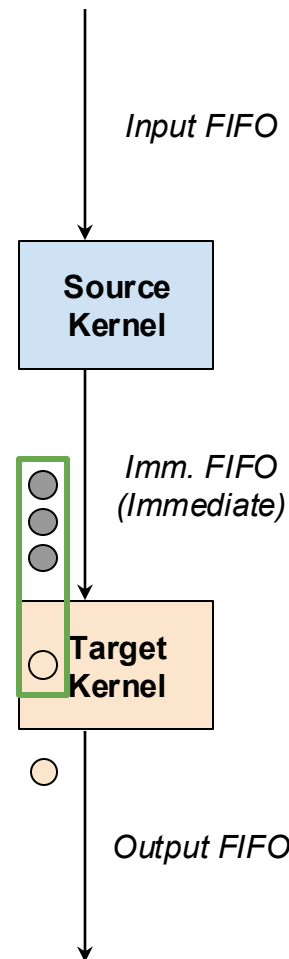


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

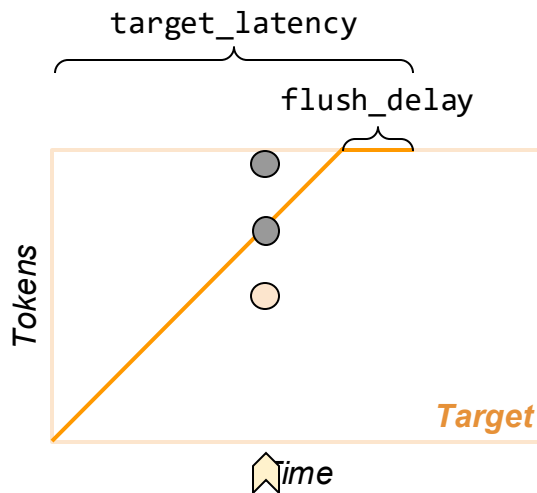
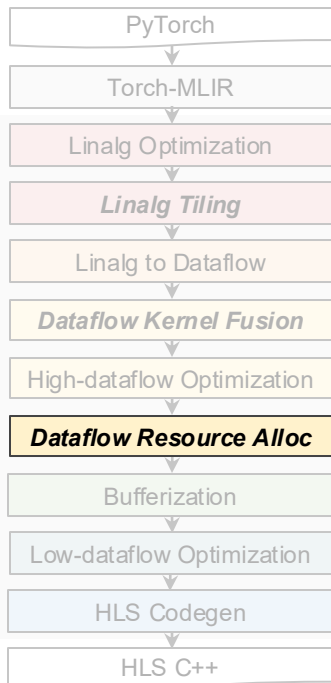


**Target Token Consumption Curve  
(Pull Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

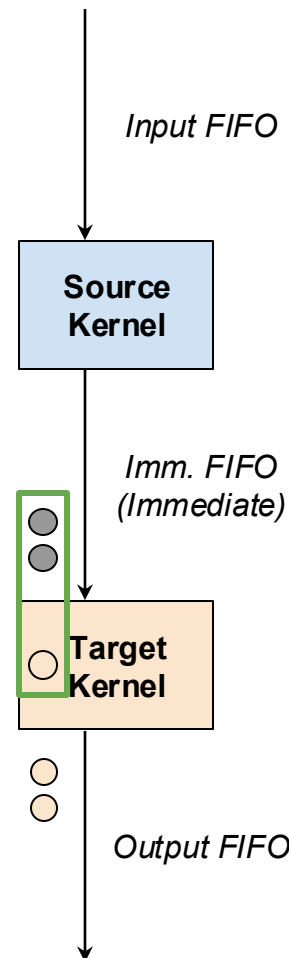


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

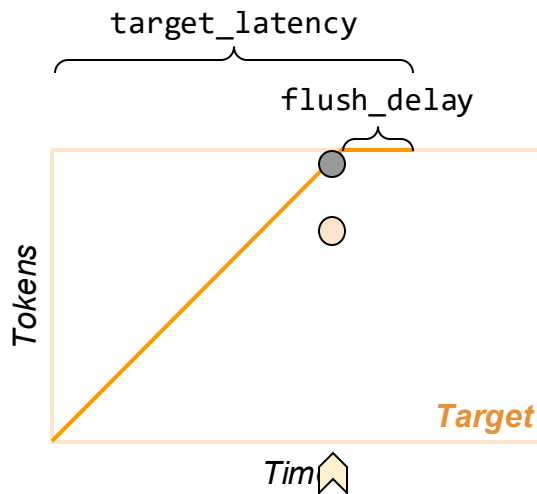
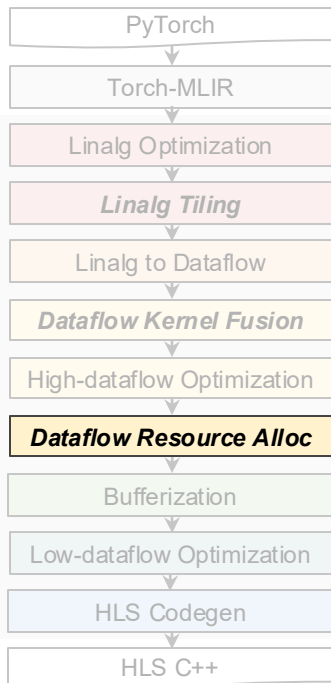


**Target Token Consumption Curve  
(Pull Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

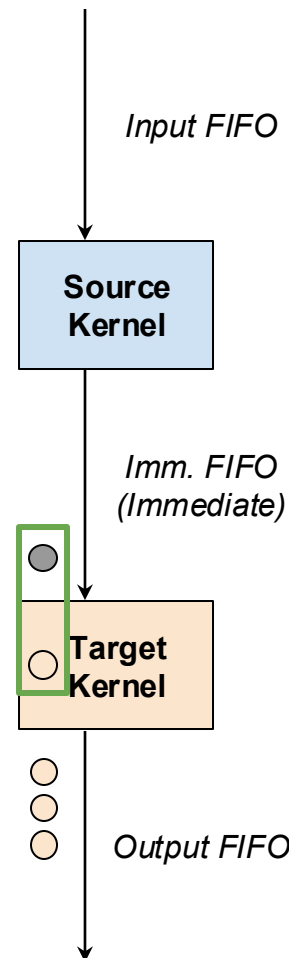


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

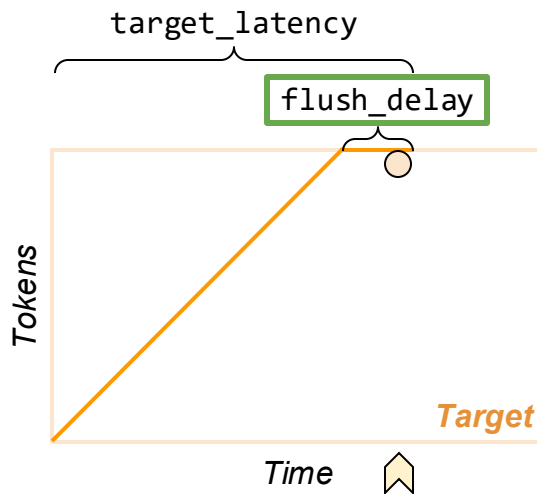
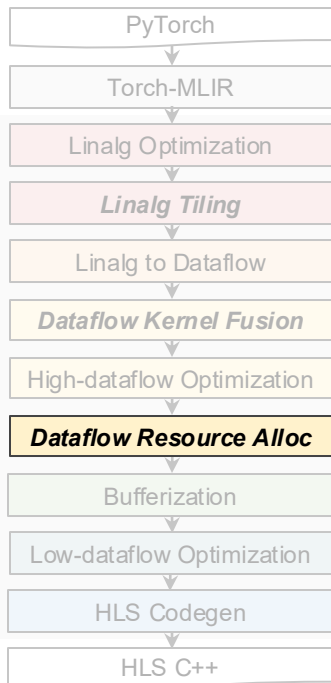


**Target Token Consumption Curve  
(Pull Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

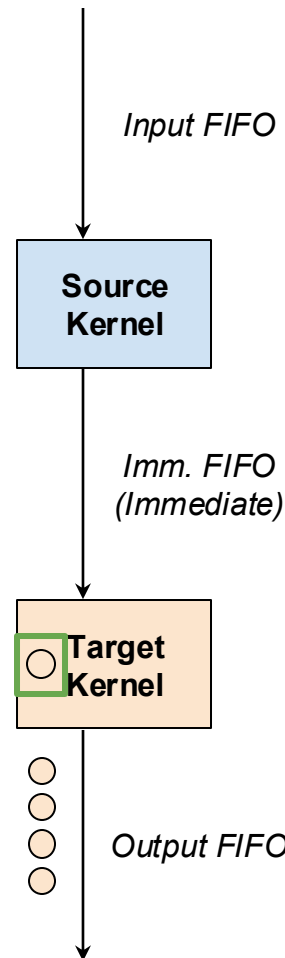


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

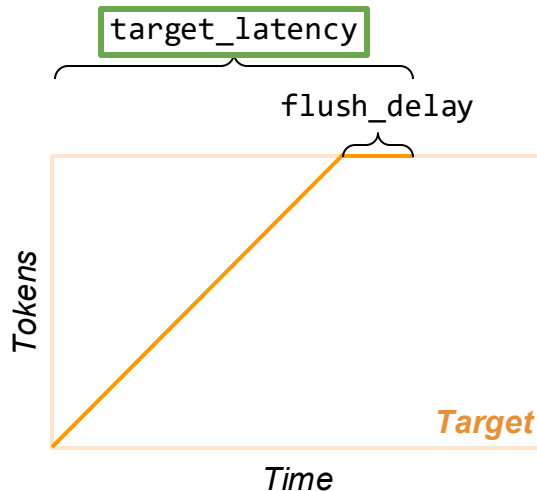
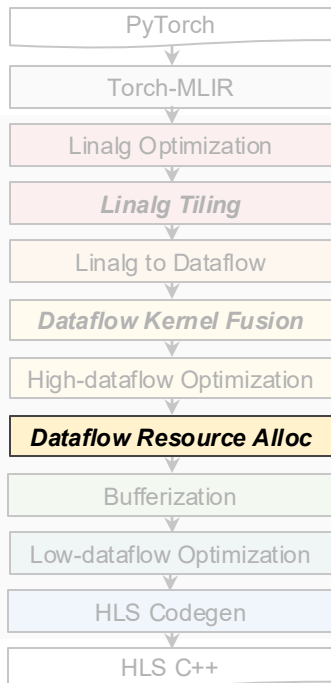


**Target Token Consumption Curve  
(Pull Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

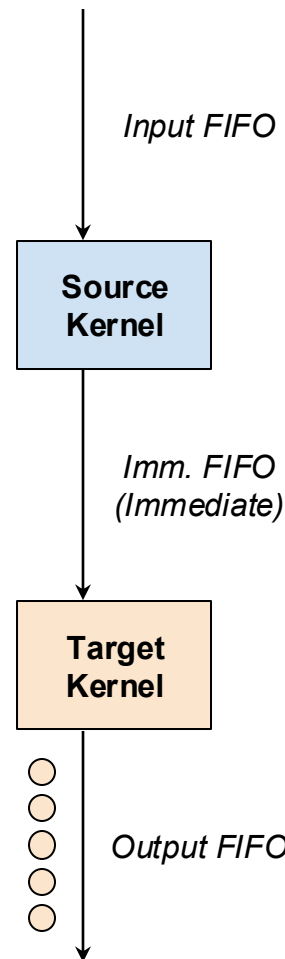


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

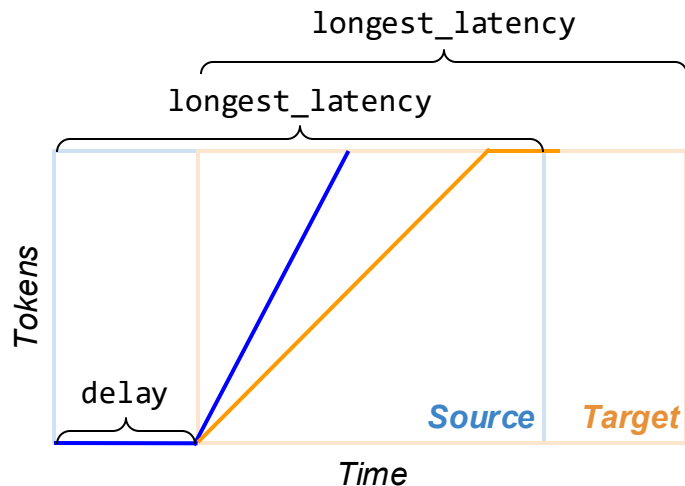
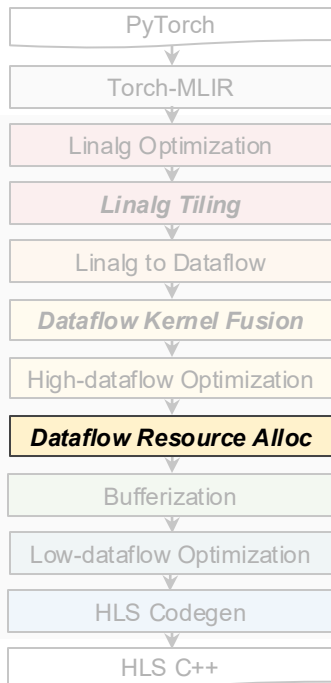


**Target Token Consumption Curve  
(Pull Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
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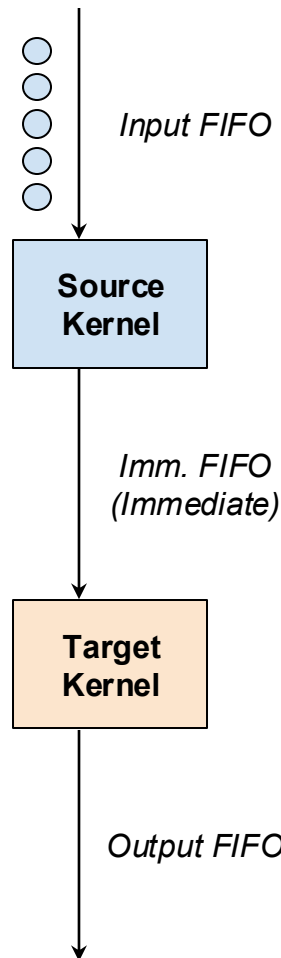


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

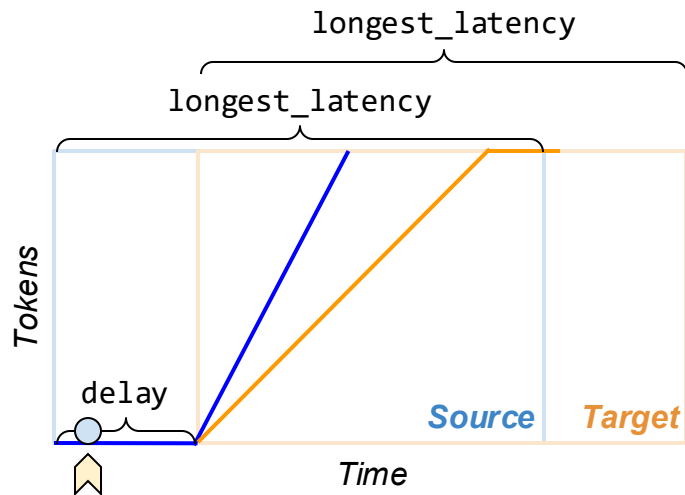
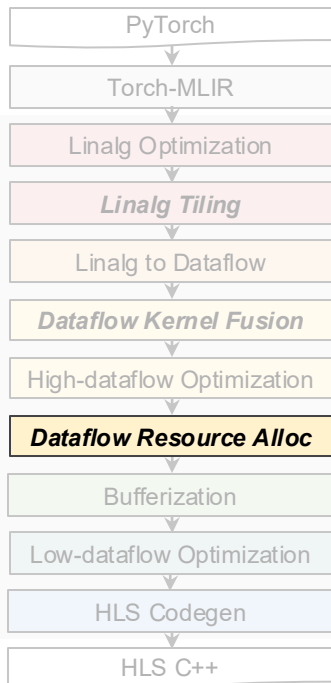


**Overall Token Status Curve  
(Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

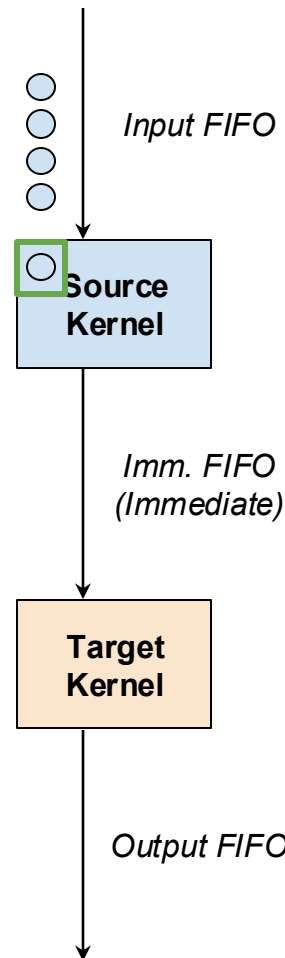


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

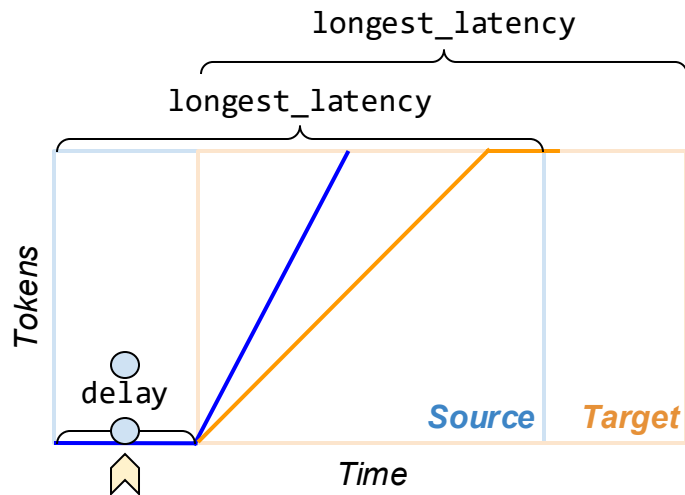
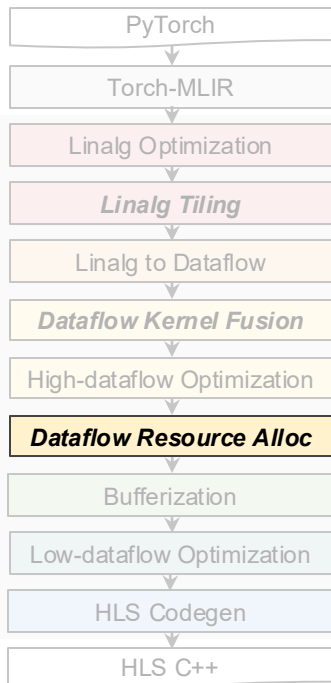


**Overall Token Status Curve  
(Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

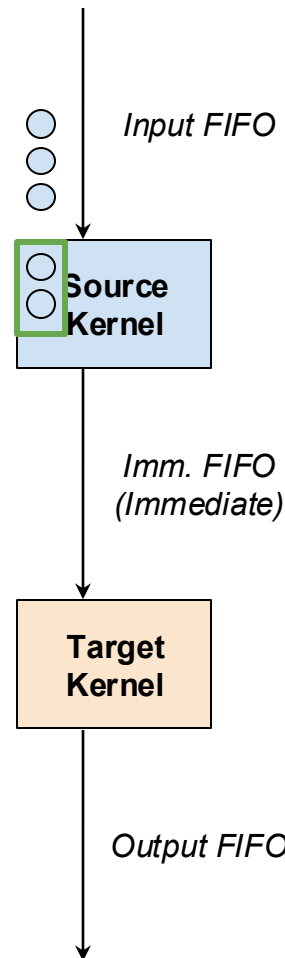


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

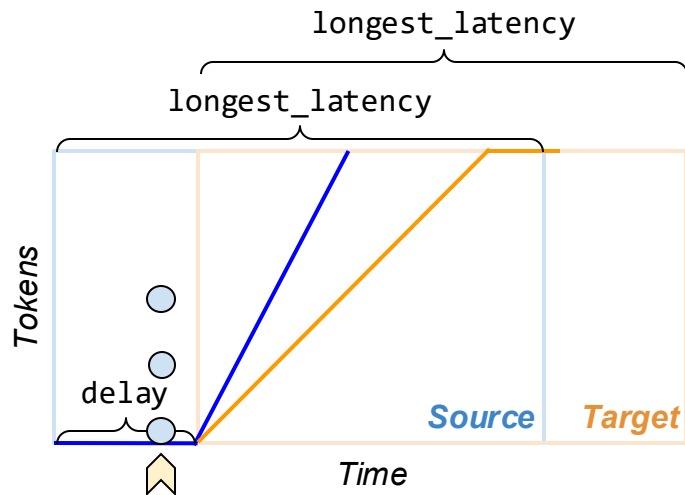
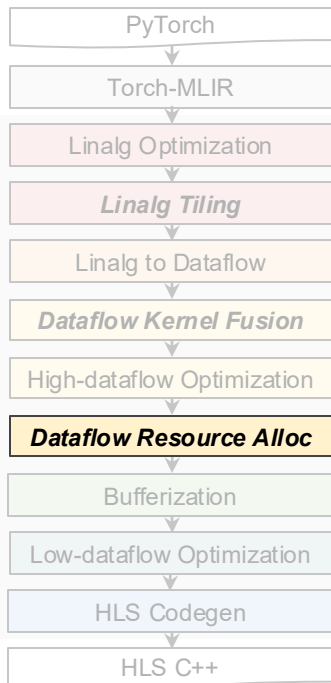


**Overall Token Status Curve  
(Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
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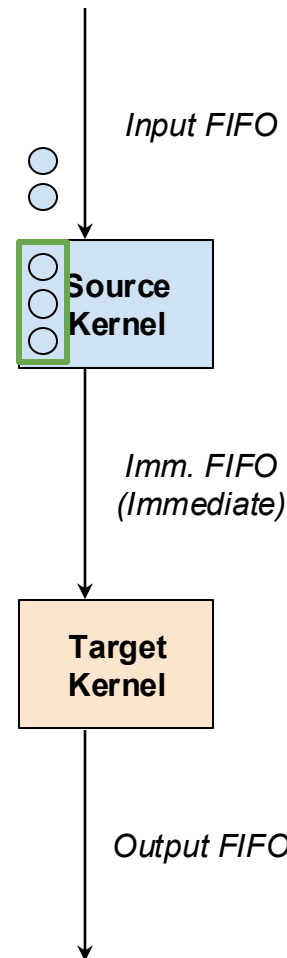


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

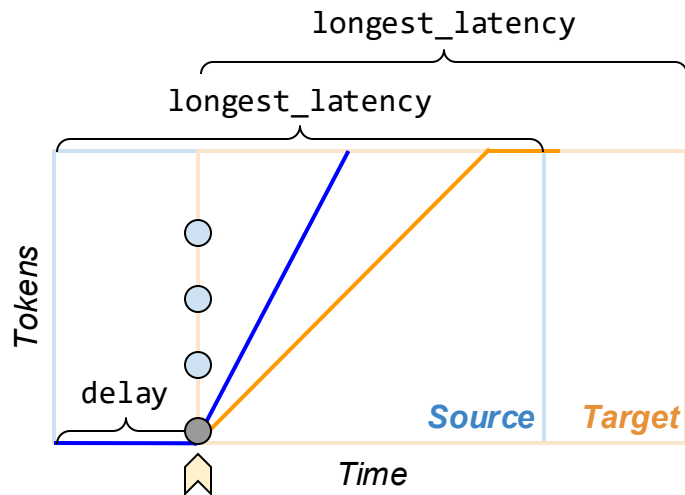
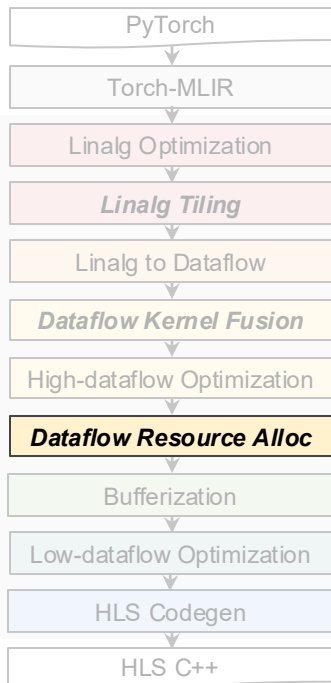


**Overall Token Status Curve  
(Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

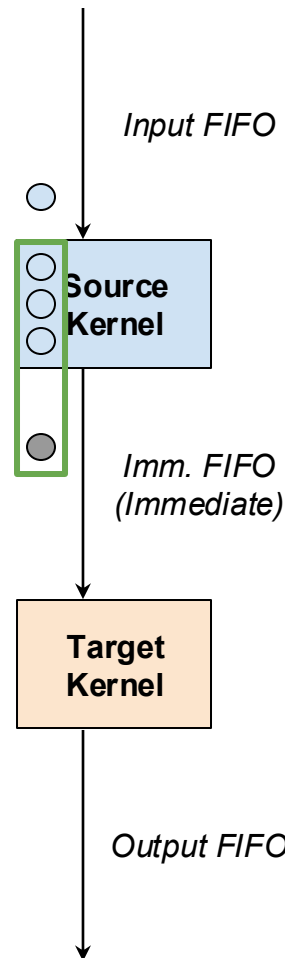


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

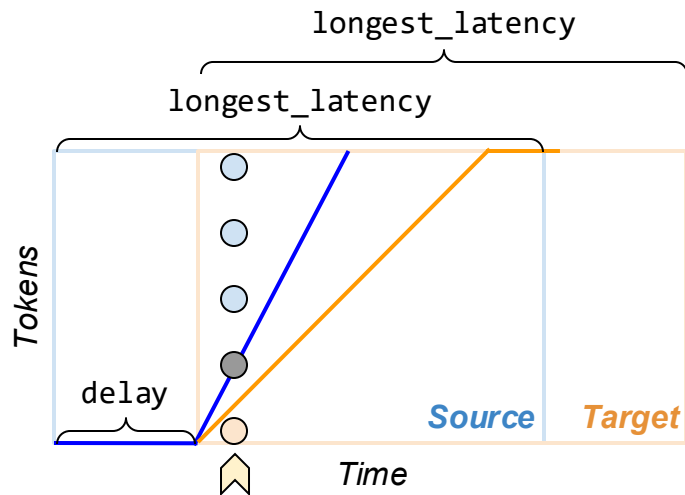
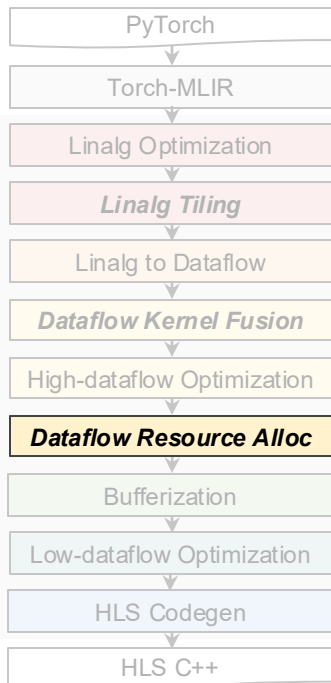


**Overall Token Status Curve  
(Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

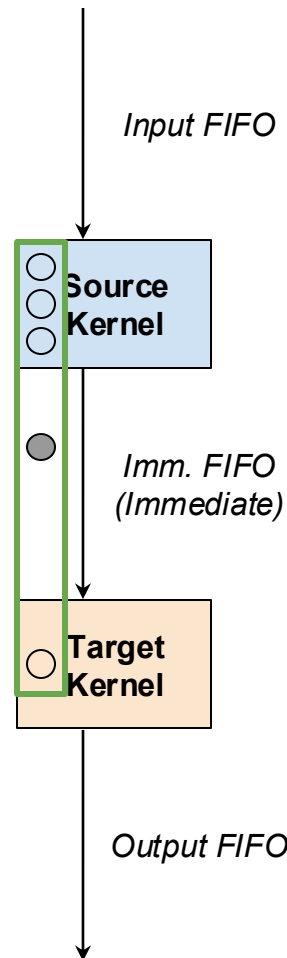


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

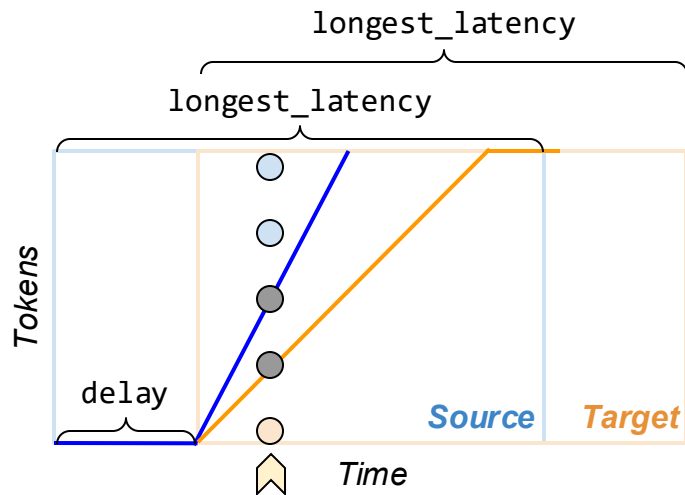
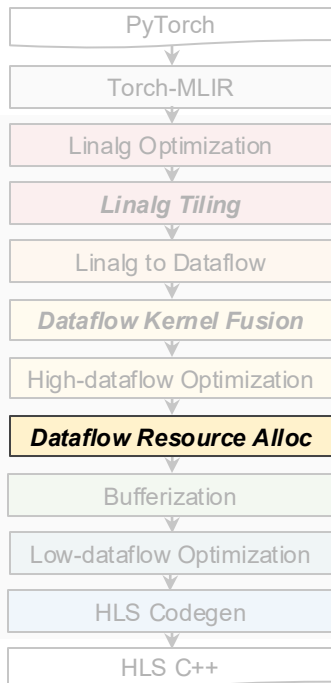


**Overall Token Status Curve  
(Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

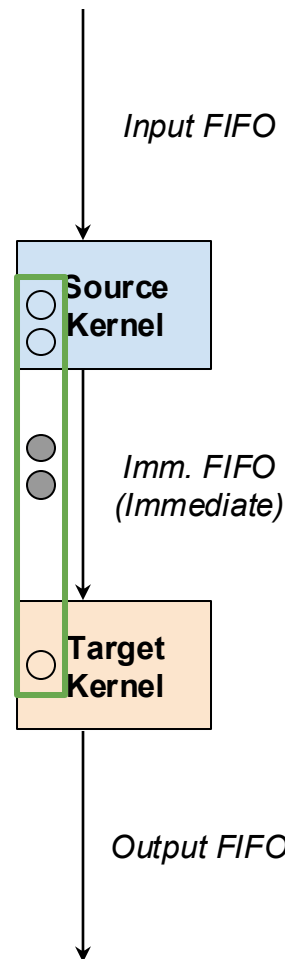


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

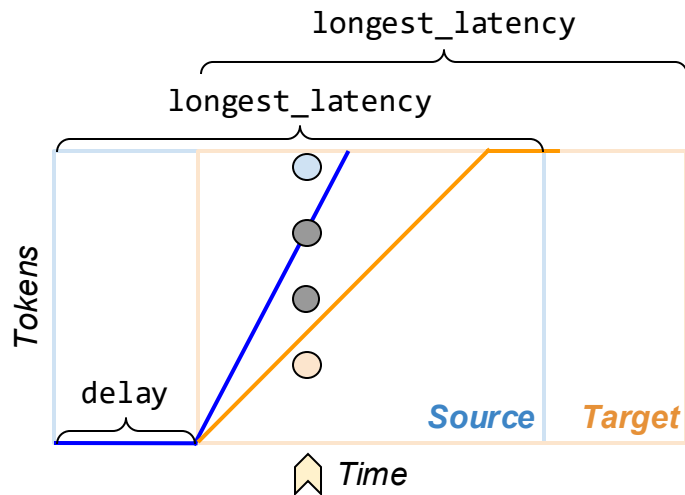
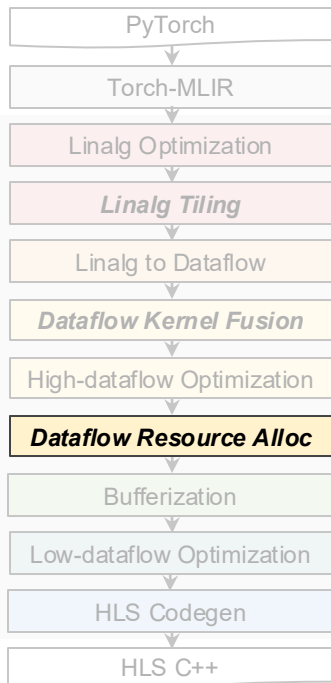


**Overall Token Status Curve  
(Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

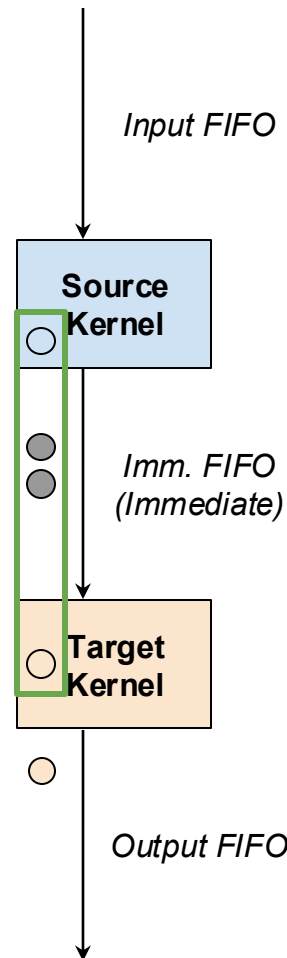


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

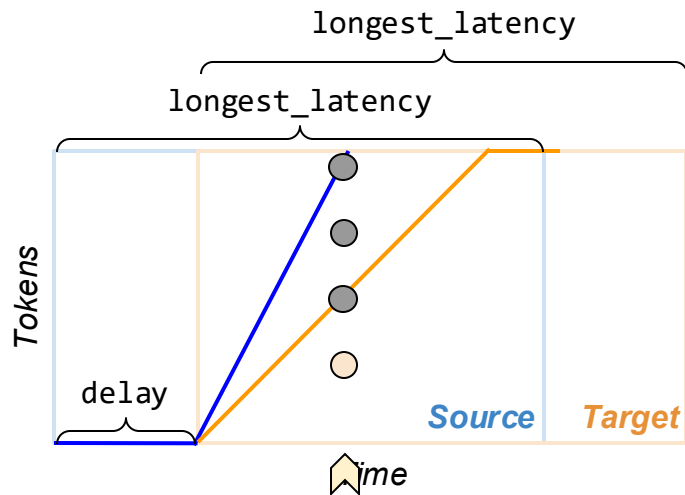
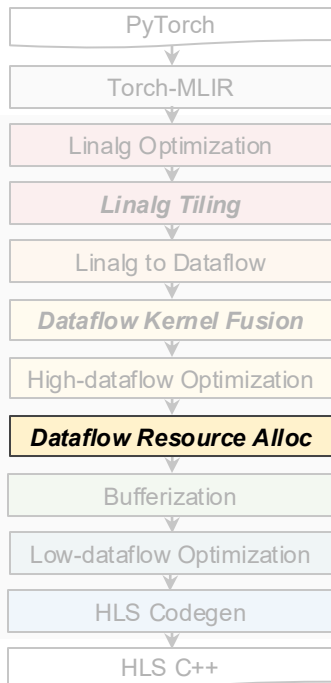


**Overall Token Status Curve  
(Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
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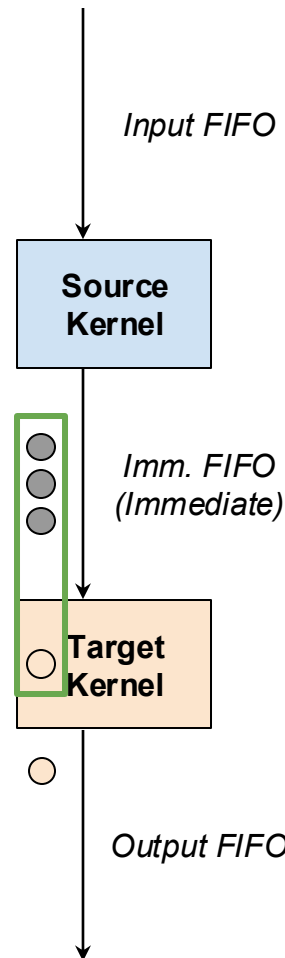


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

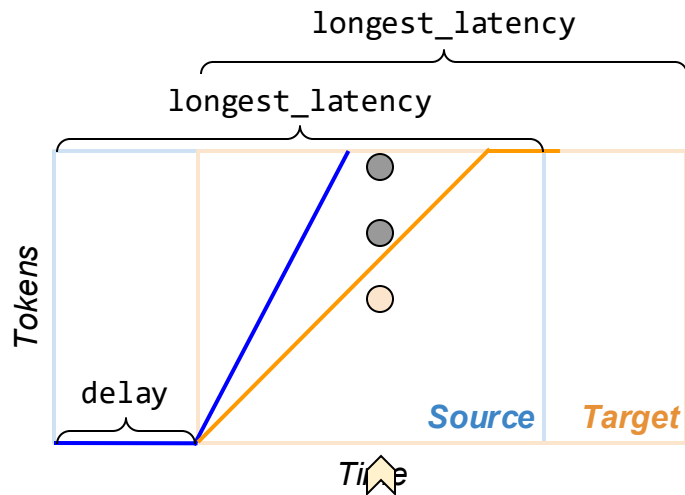
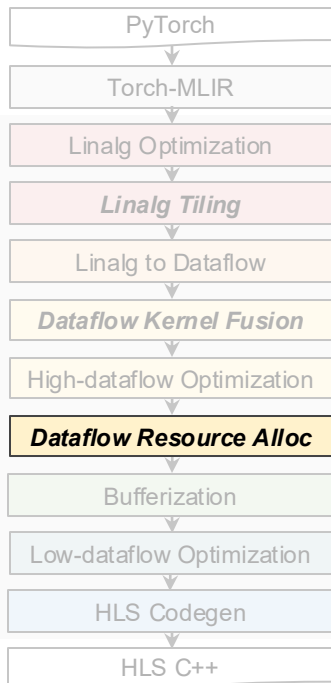


**Overall Token Status Curve  
(Imm. FIFO)**

token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
longest\_latency = The longest latency among all the dataflow kernels in the accelerator, determining the maximum throughput

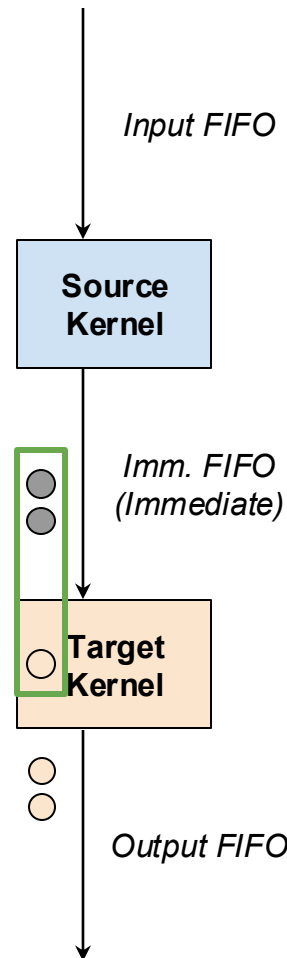


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

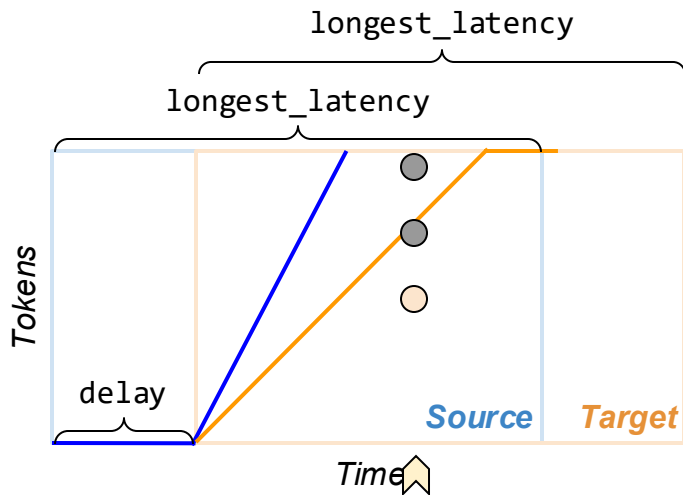
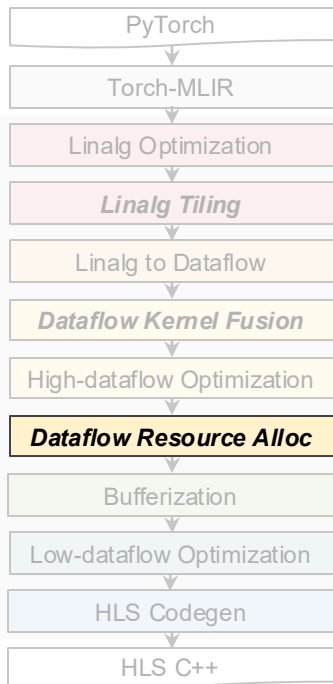


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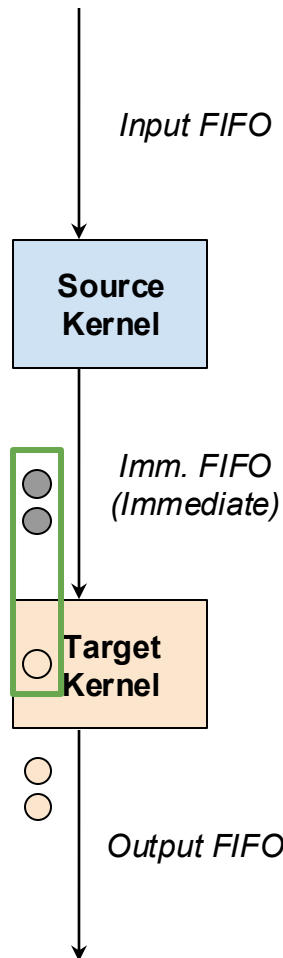


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

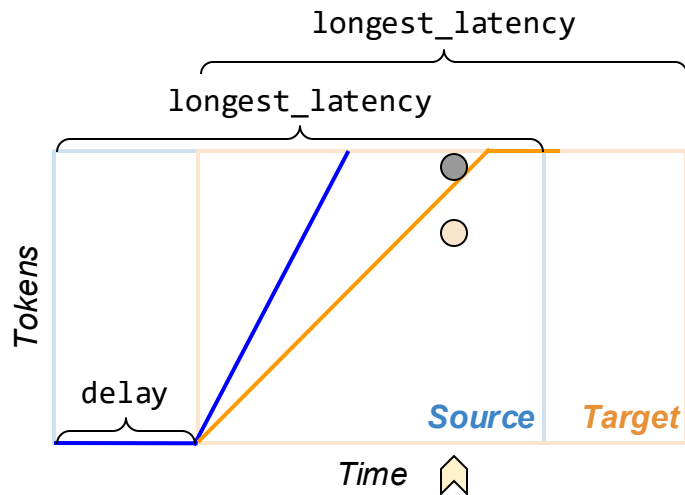
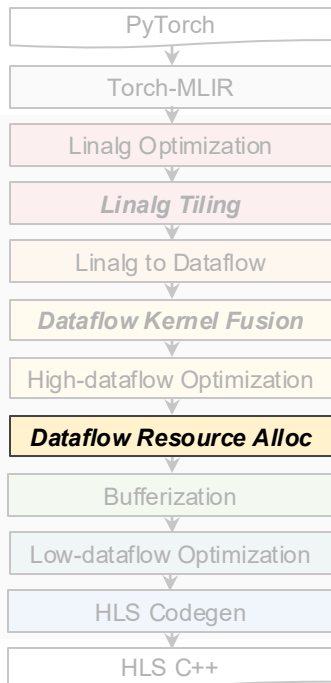


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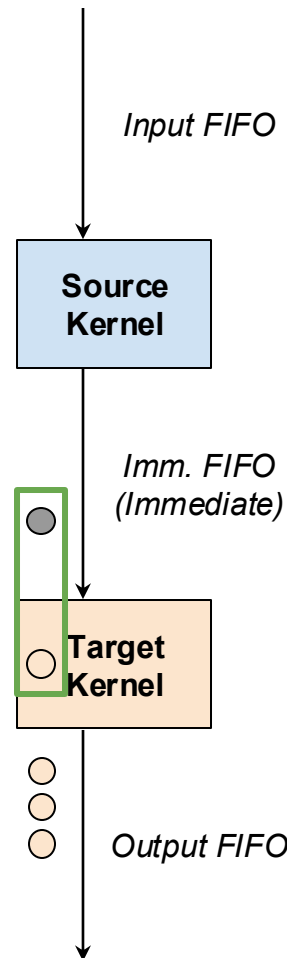


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

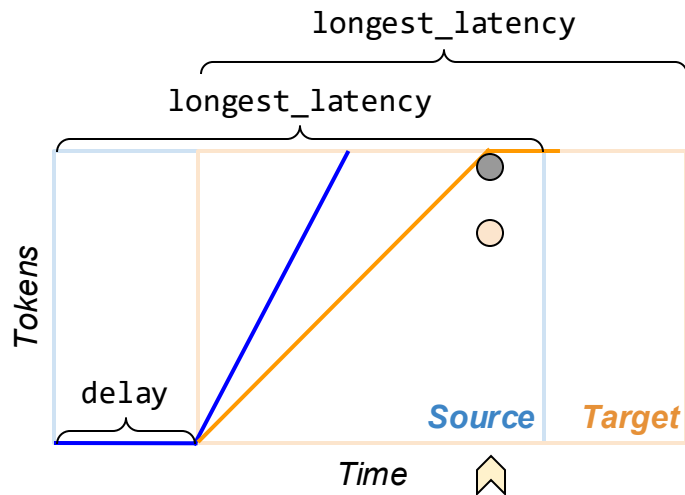
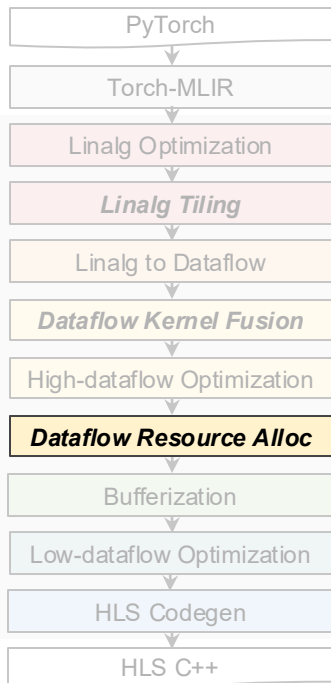


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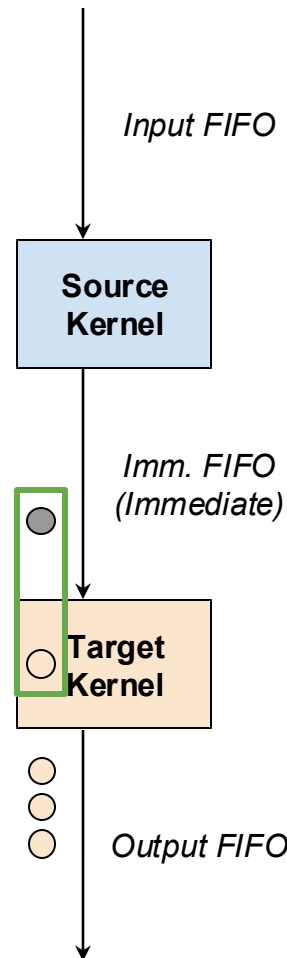


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

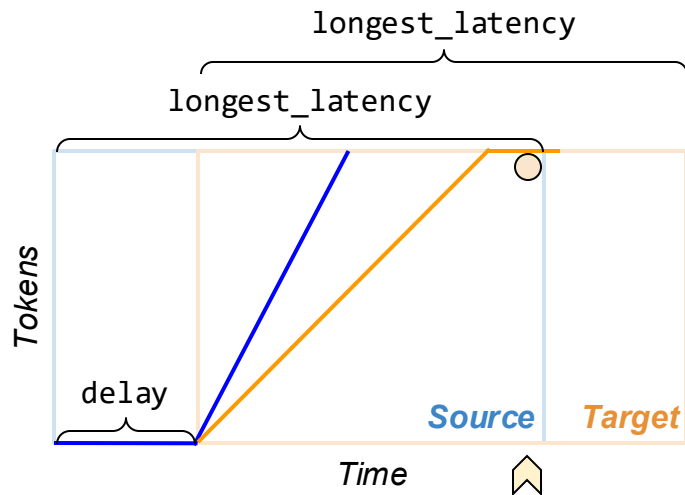
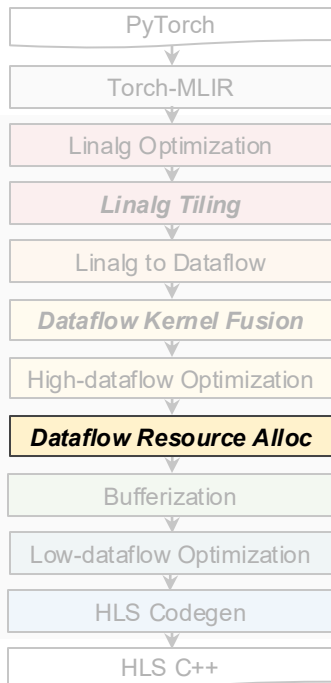


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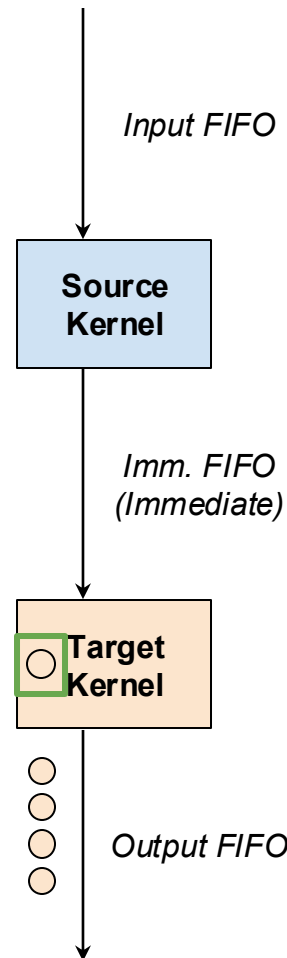


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

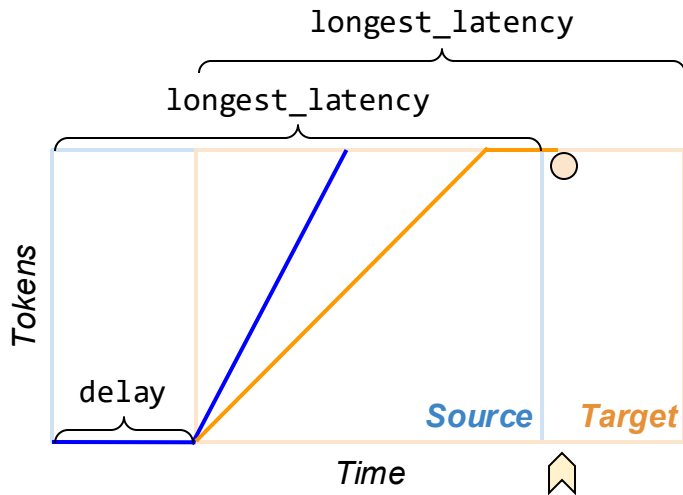
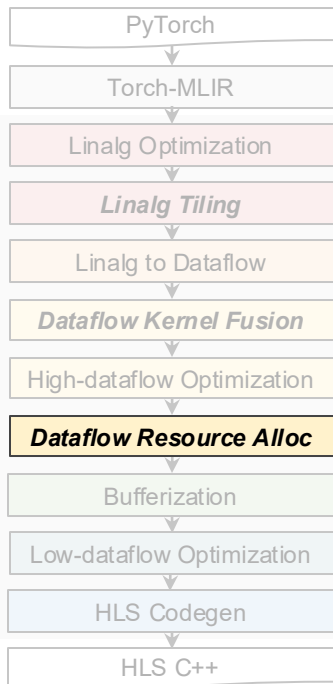


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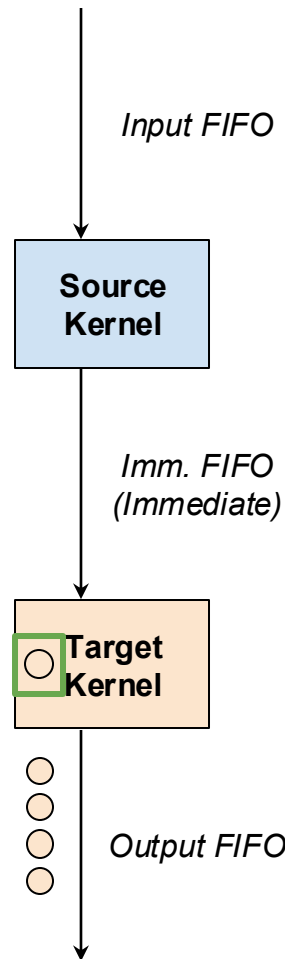


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

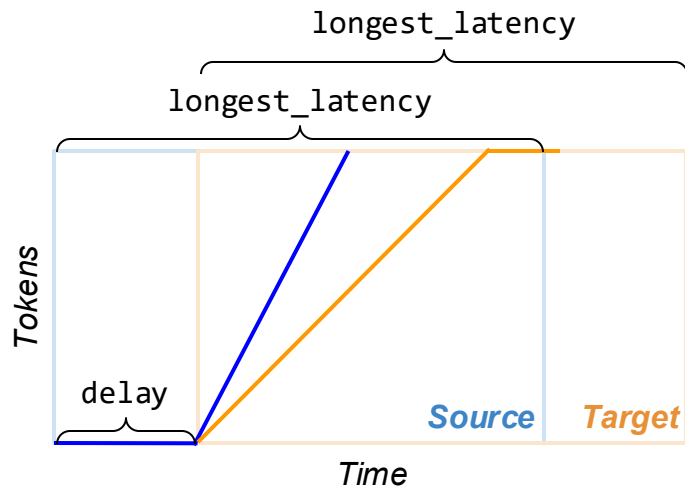
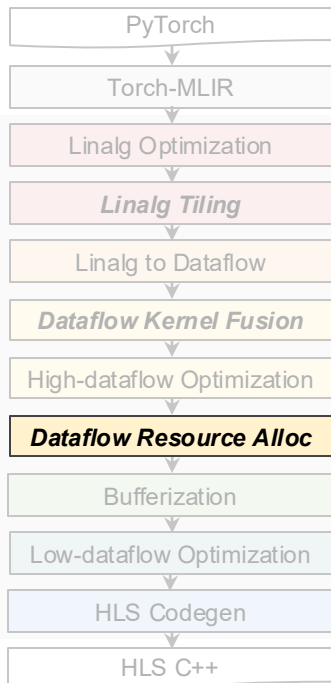


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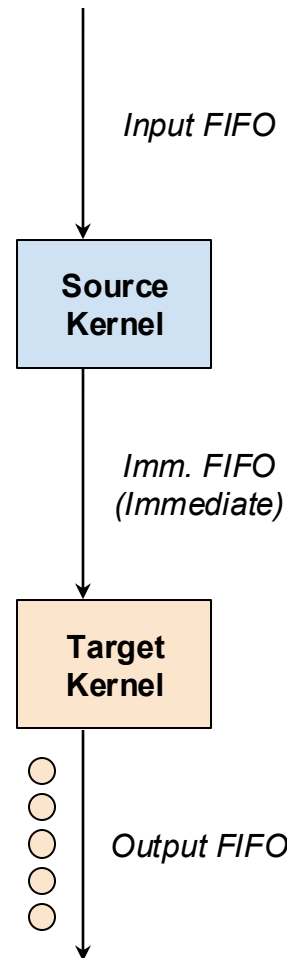


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

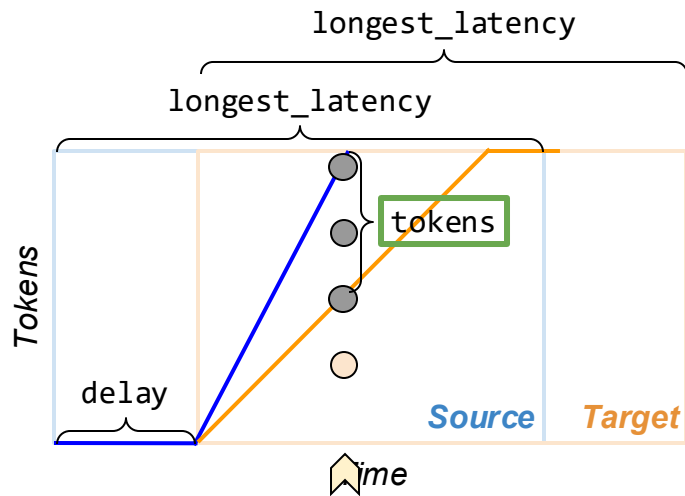
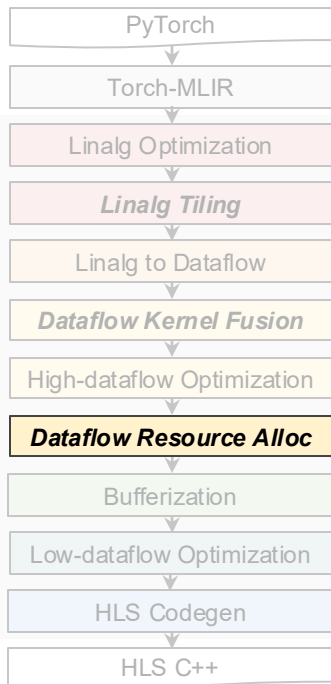


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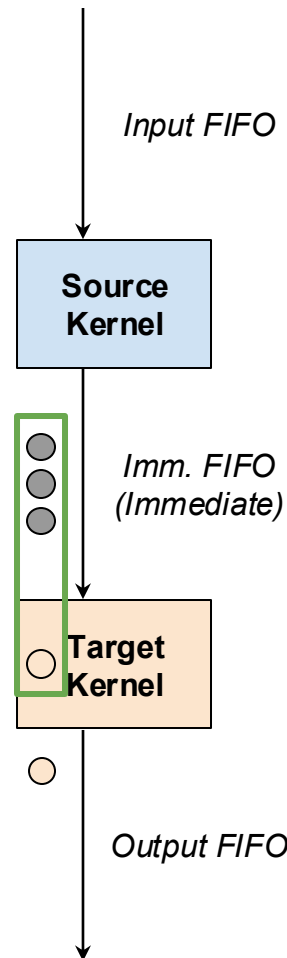


# Token Behavior Modeling (Cont.)

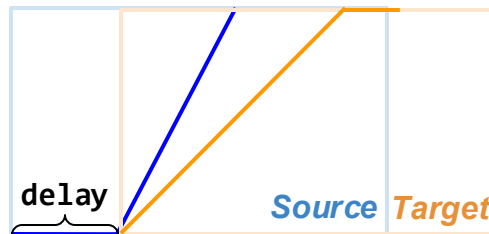
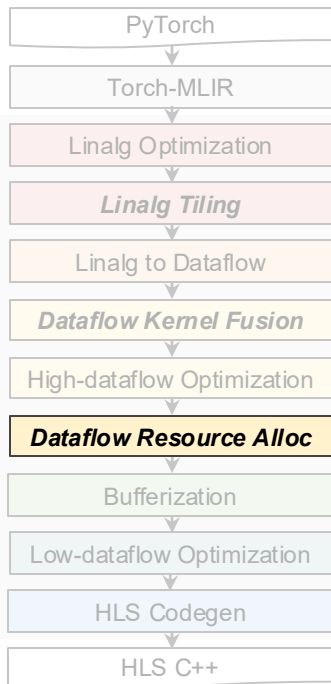


**Overall Token Status Curve  
(Imm. FIFO)**

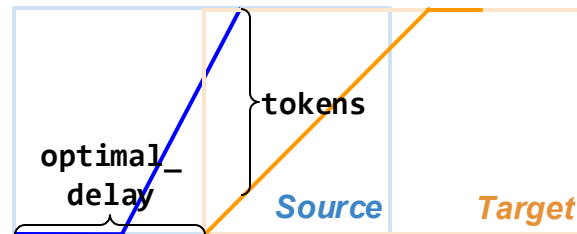
token = Atomic element passed between dataflow kernels  
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# Linear Programming (LP) Formulation



- (1) Calculate token production/consumption curves based on kernel profiling results
- (2) Calculate minimum delay given a strategy



- (3) Solve optimal\_delay with LP
- (4) Calculate tokens based on optimal\_delay given a strategy

***Transform FIFO sizing into a scheduling problem***

# StreamTensor Outline



- Motivation
- StreamTensor Typing System
- StreamTensor Compilation Pipeline
- StreamTensor Design Spaces
- **StreamTensor Results**

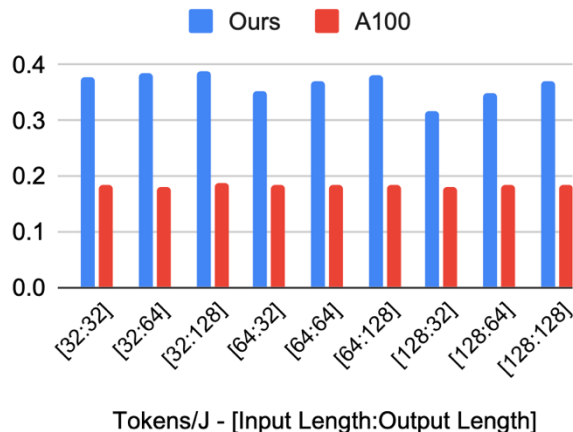
# FPGA On-board Results on GPT-2



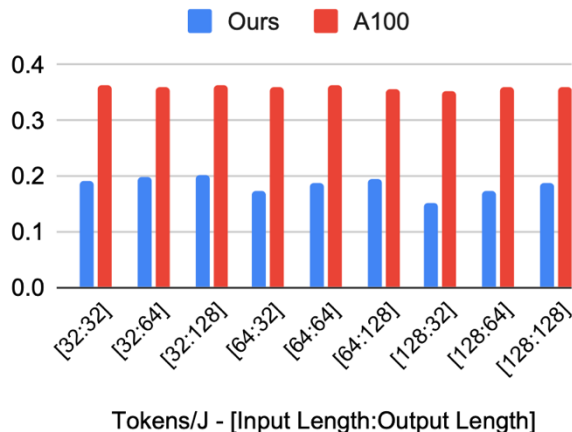
| [Input Len:<br>Output Len] | Ours            |              |                    | Allo [15] (Ratio of $\frac{Ours}{Allo}$ ) |                |                    | DFX [29] (Ratio of $\frac{Ours}{DFX}$ ) |                 |                    |
|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
|                            | Latency<br>(ms) | TTFT<br>(ms) | Speed<br>(token/s) | Latency<br>(ms)                           | TTFT<br>(ms)   | Speed<br>(token/s) | Latency<br>(ms)                         | TTFT<br>(ms)    | Speed<br>(token/s) |
| [32:32]                    | 194.99          | 34.59        | 199.51             | 238.32 (0.82x)                            | 81.50 (0.42x)  | 204.05 (0.98x)     | 350.00 (0.56x)                          | 177.20 (0.20x)  | 185.19 (1.08x)     |
| [64:64]                    | 358.24          | 61.27        | 215.51             | 476.64 (0.75x)                            | 162.99 (0.38x) | 204.05 (1.06x)     | 694.70 (0.52x)                          | 349.10 (0.18x)  | 185.19 (1.16x)     |
| [128:128]                  | 696.65          | 125.35       | 224.05             | 953.28 (0.73x)                            | 325.98 (0.38x) | 204.05 (1.10x)     | 1384.00 (0.50x)                         | 692.80 (0.18x)  | 185.19 (1.21x)     |
| [256:256]                  | 1387.76         | 272.85       | 229.61             | 1906.56 (0.73x)                           | 651.96 (0.42x) | 204.05 (1.13x)     | 2800.00 (0.50x)                         | 1417.60 (0.19x) | 185.19 (1.24x)     |
| Geo. Mean                  | -               | -            | -                  | 0.76x                                     | 0.40x          | 1.06x              | 0.52x                                   | 0.19x           | 1.17x              |

| [Input Len:<br>Output Len] | Ours            |              |                    | A100 (Ratio of $\frac{Ours}{A100}$ ) |               |                    | 2080Ti (Ratio of $\frac{Ours}{2080Ti}$ ) |                |                    |
|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|
|                            | Latency<br>(ms) | TTFT<br>(ms) | Speed<br>(token/s) | Latency<br>(ms)                      | TTFT<br>(ms)  | Speed<br>(token/s) | Latency<br>(ms)                          | TTFT<br>(ms)   | Speed<br>(token/s) |
| [32:32]                    | 194.99          | 34.59        | 199.51             | 291.16 (0.67x)                       | 8.72 (3.97x)  | 113.30 (1.76x)     | 518.46 (0.38x)                           | 24.98 (1.38x)  | 64.85 (3.08x)      |
| [64:64]                    | 358.24          | 61.27        | 215.51             | 567.41 (0.63x)                       | 8.76 (6.99x)  | 114.56 (1.88x)     | 1010.81 (0.35x)                          | 25.23 (2.43x)  | 64.94 (3.32x)      |
| [128:128]                  | 696.65          | 125.35       | 224.05             | 1118.28 (0.62x)                      | 8.65 (14.49x) | 115.35 (1.94x)     | 3969.76 (0.18x)                          | 25.26 (4.96x)  | 32.45 (6.90x)      |
| [256:256]                  | 1387.76         | 272.85       | 229.61             | 2227.79 (0.62x)                      | 8.53 (31.99x) | 115.35 (1.99x)     | 7914.23 (0.18x)                          | 25.23 (10.81x) | 32.45 (7.08x)      |
| Geo. Mean                  | -               | -            | -                  | 0.64x                                | 10.65x        | 1.89x              | 0.25x                                    | 3.67x          | 4.73x              |

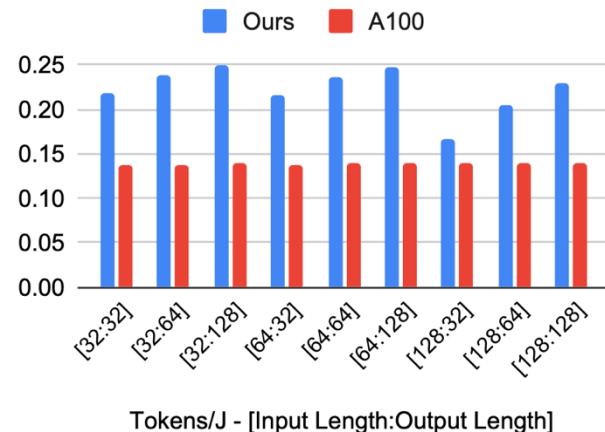
# FPGA On-board Results on Emerging LLMs



(a) Qwen.



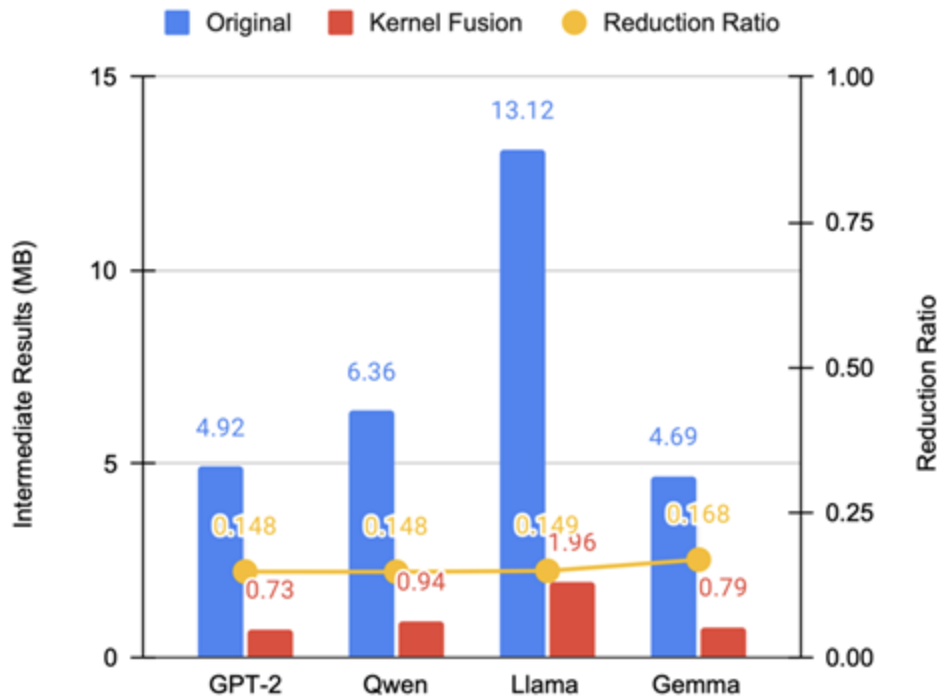
(b) Llama.



(c) Gemma.

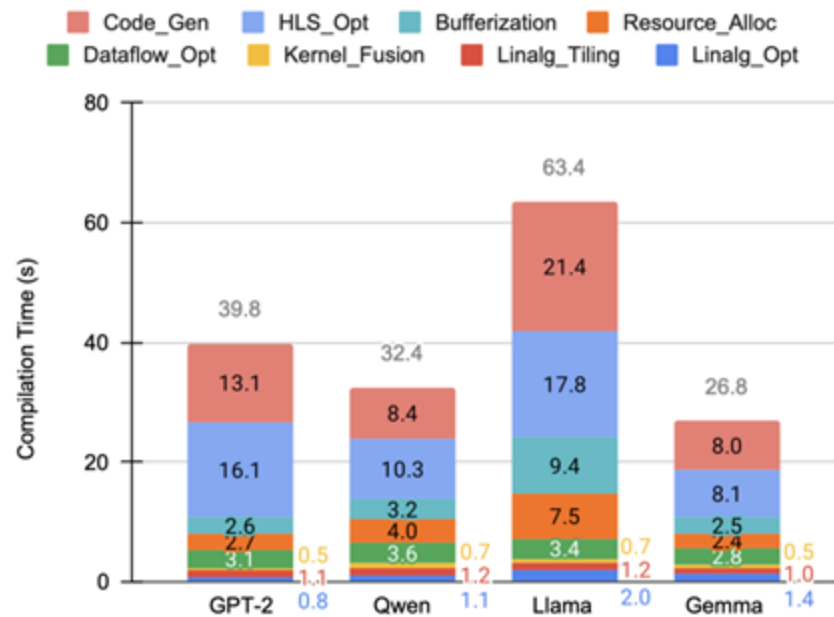
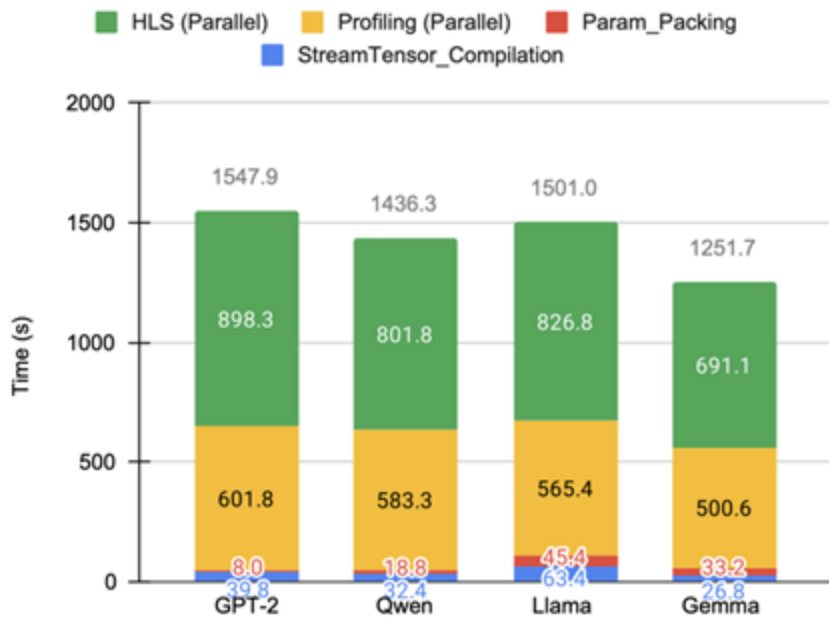
- Achieved higher energy efficiency on Qwen and Gemma.
- Energy efficiency of Llama is lower than GPU because the intermediate results of Llama is larger than other models, limiting the design space explorations.

# On-chip Memory Reduction through Kernel Fusion



- Only consider intermediate results, i.e., activations, in this study.
- Parameters are always stored in external memory.
- On-chip memory are reduced to 0.15x - 0.17x through stream-based kernel fusion.
- Without kernel fusion, the on-chip memory resources are not enough to store all intermediate results

# RTL Generation Time



- For RTL generation, the downstream HLS synthesis and profiling consume most execution time
- StreamTensor compilation and parameter packing only consume a tiny portion of execution time
- For StreamTensor compilation, the low-level transforms (bufferization, HLS opt., and codegen) consume much more execution than high-level transforms (Linalg tiling, kernel fusion, dataflow opt.), showing the efficiency of the proposed itensor-based dataflow optimizations.



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URBANA-CHAMPAIGN



# Thank You!

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<sup>1</sup>University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

<sup>2</sup>Inspirit IoT, Inc.